

Signal Transduction in Immune Cells

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Molecular Immunology

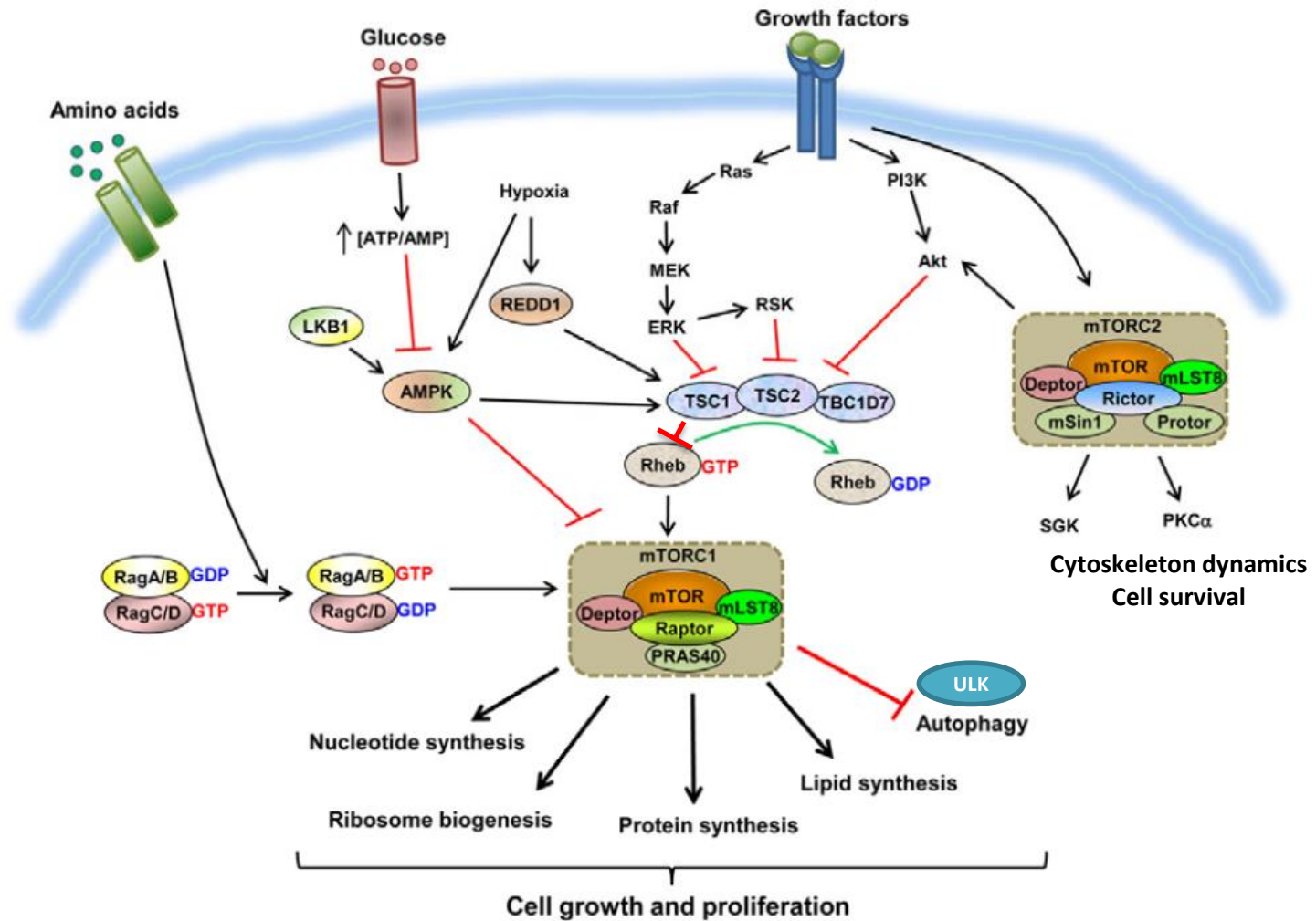
Index

- mTOR pathway
- Autophagy
- TNF receptor pathways
- NF- κ B pathway
- Programmed cell death:
 - Apoptosis
 - Necroptosis
 - Pyroptosis

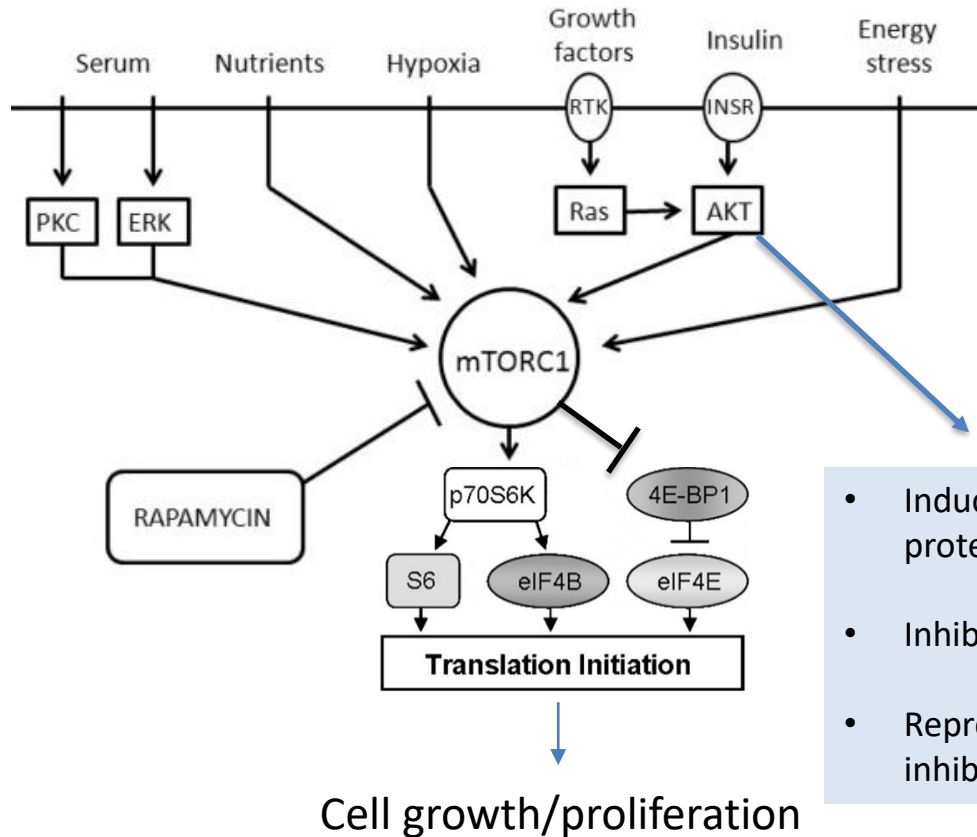
mTOR pathway



- mTOR protein kinase is crucial in cellular and organismal physiology of all eukaryotes.
- mTOR is the central node in a network that controls cell growth.
- mTOR integrates information about the availability of energy and nutrients to coordinate the synthesis or breakdown of new cellular components.



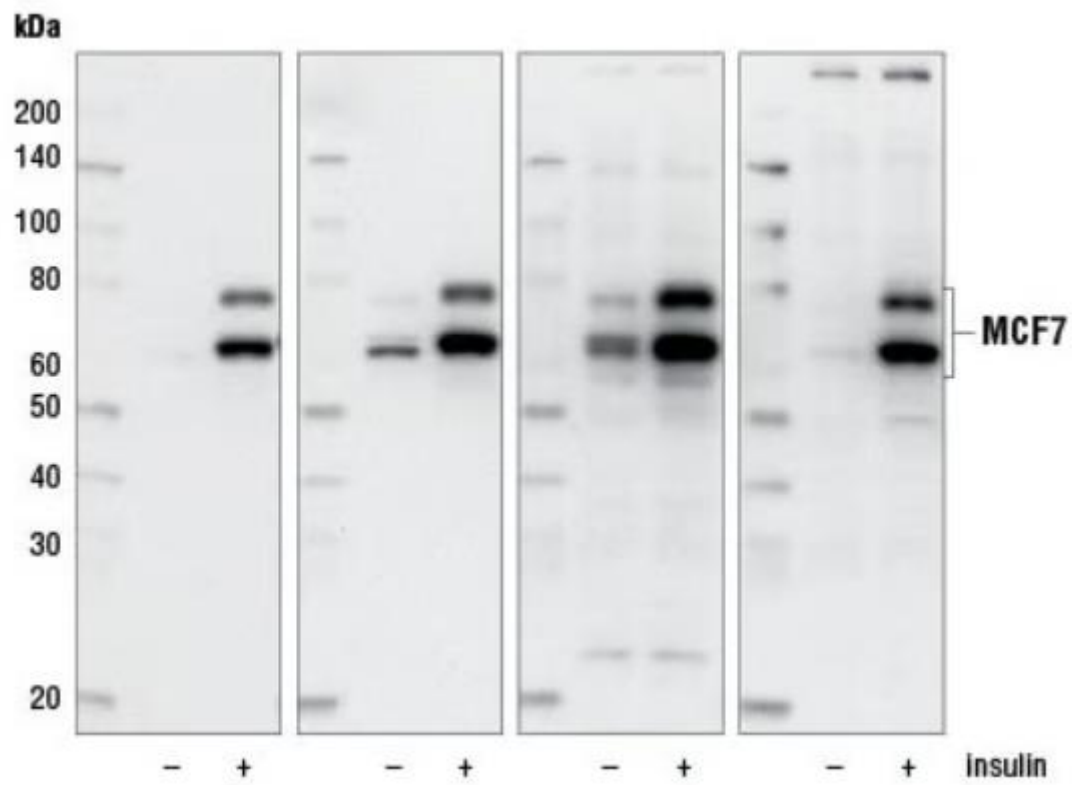
MITOGENIC STIMULI



- Induction of anti-apoptotic proteins (Bcl2 and XIAP)
- Inhibition of p53 (via MDM2)
- Repression of BIM via FOXO inhibition

mTOR activity measurement

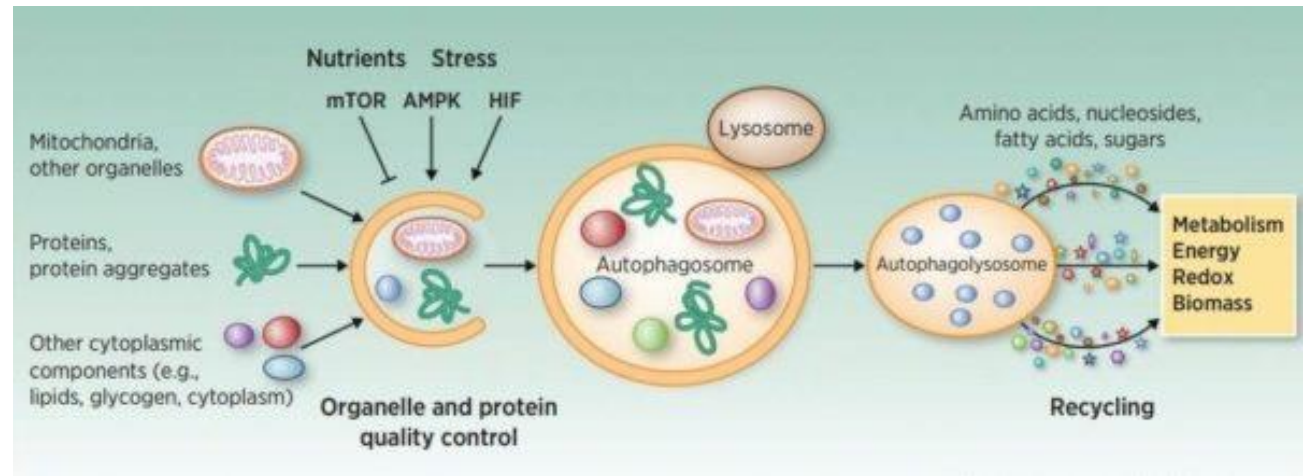
Phospho-p70 S6 Kinase (Thr389) Antibodies



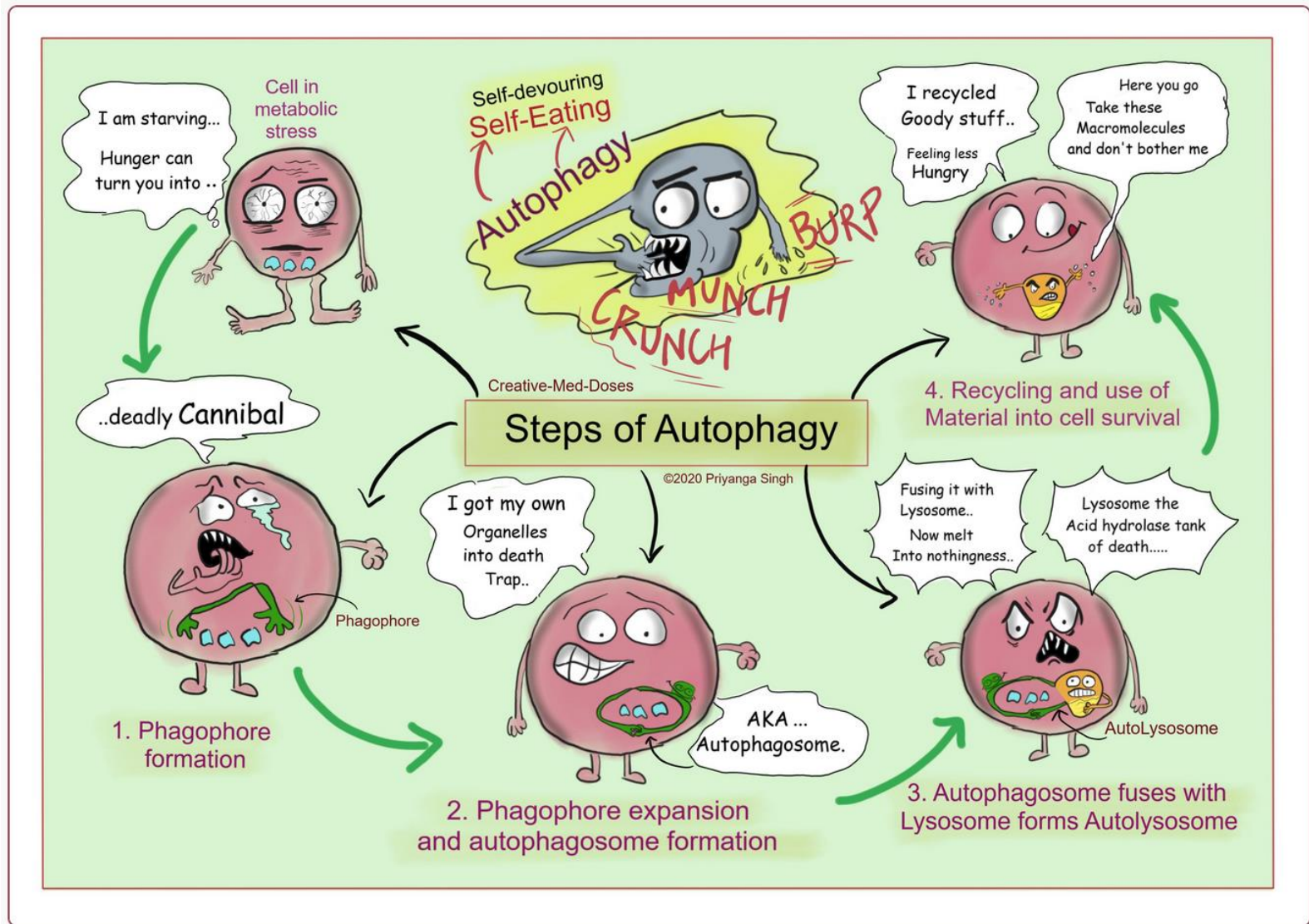
Autophagy

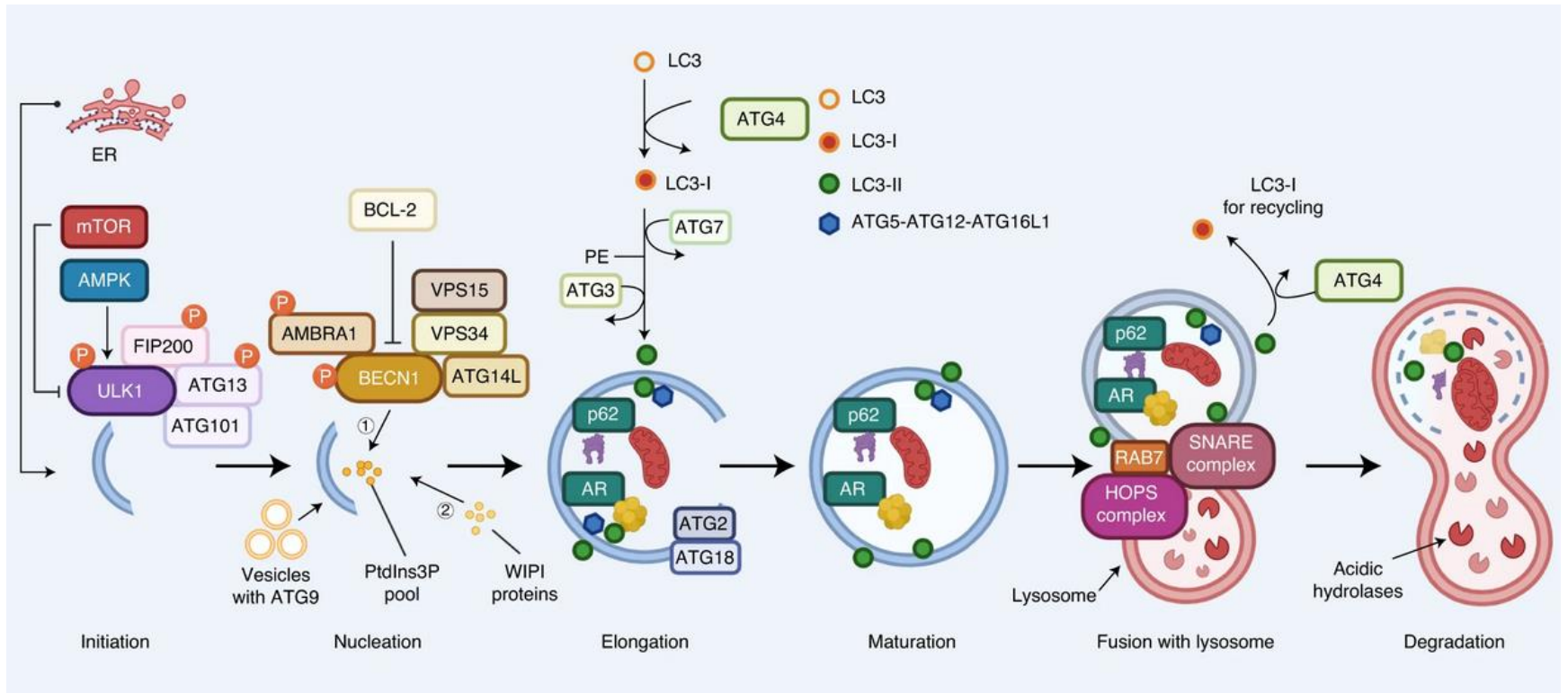
Autophagy

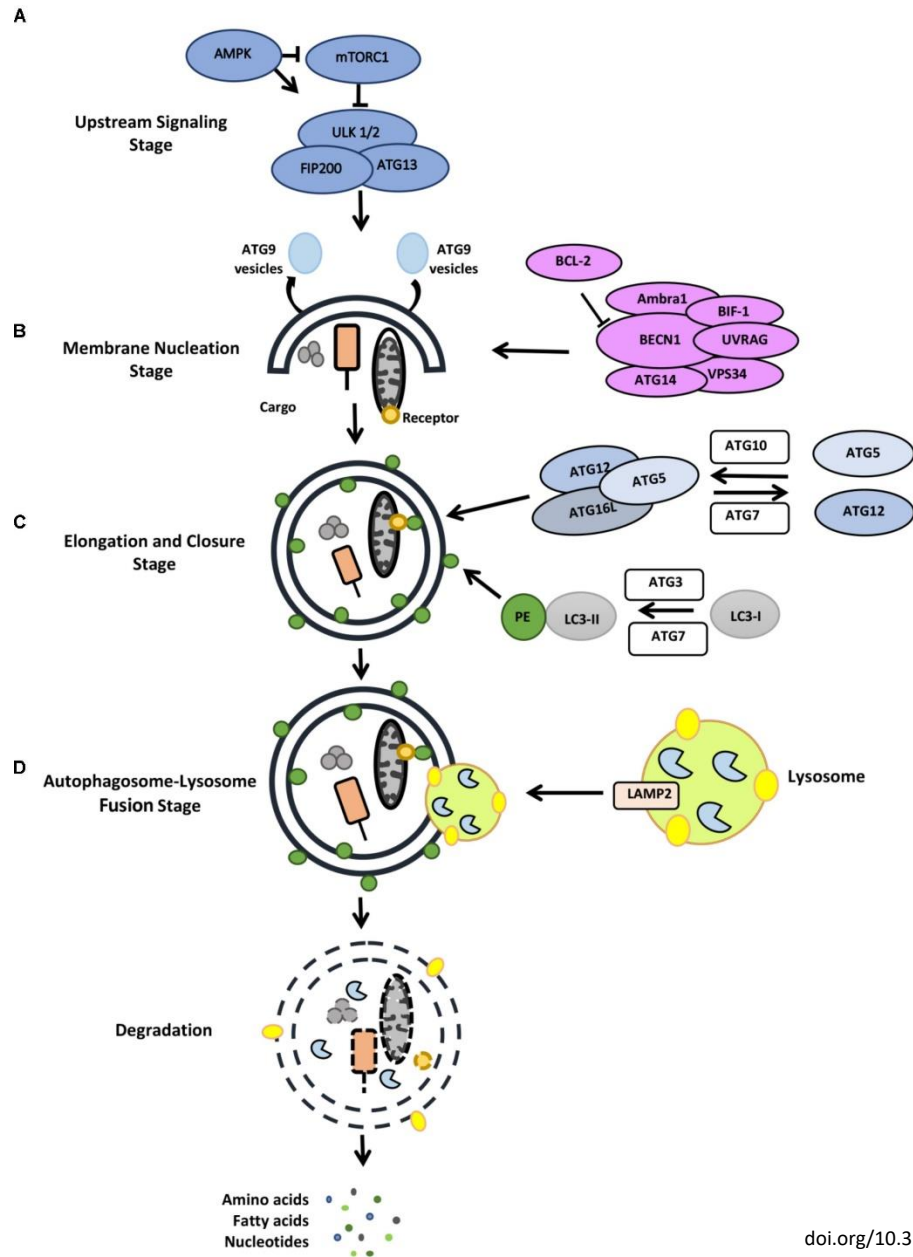
Autophagy is a fundamental cellular process that eliminates molecules and subcellular elements, including nucleic acids, proteins, lipids and organelles, via lysosome-mediated degradation to promote homeostasis, differentiation, development and survival.



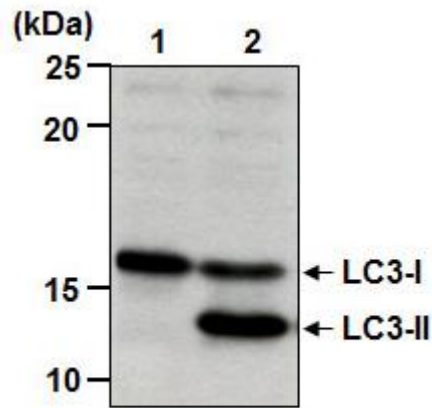
Autophagy



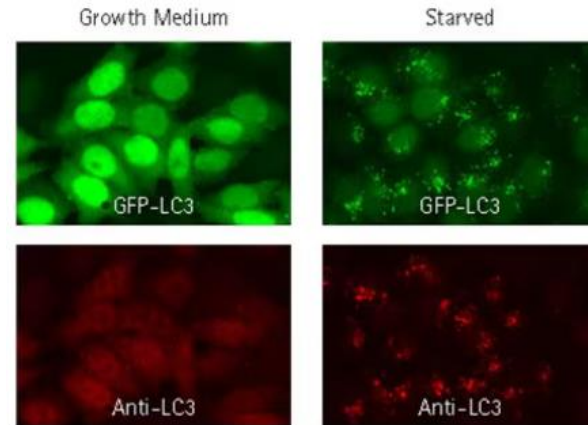




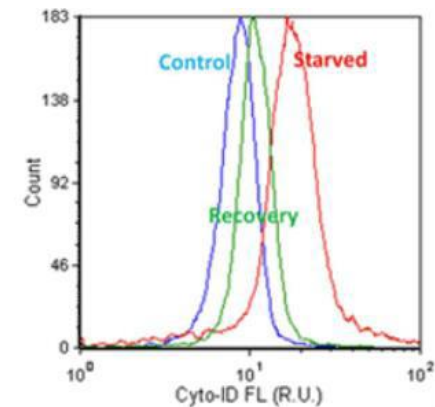
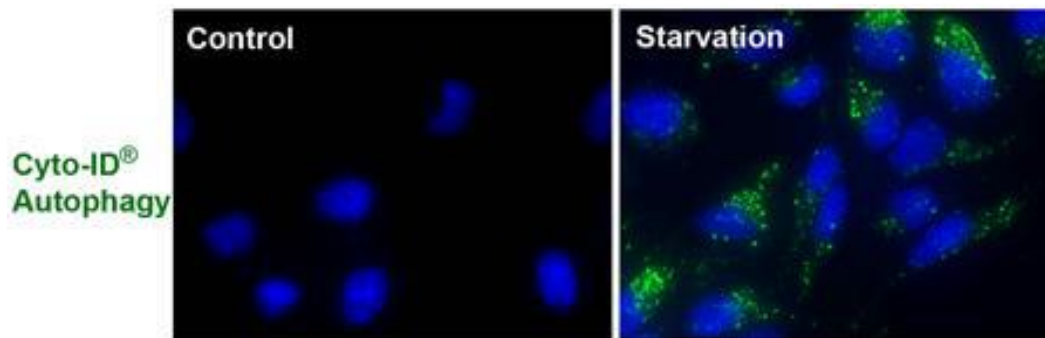
Autophagy measurement



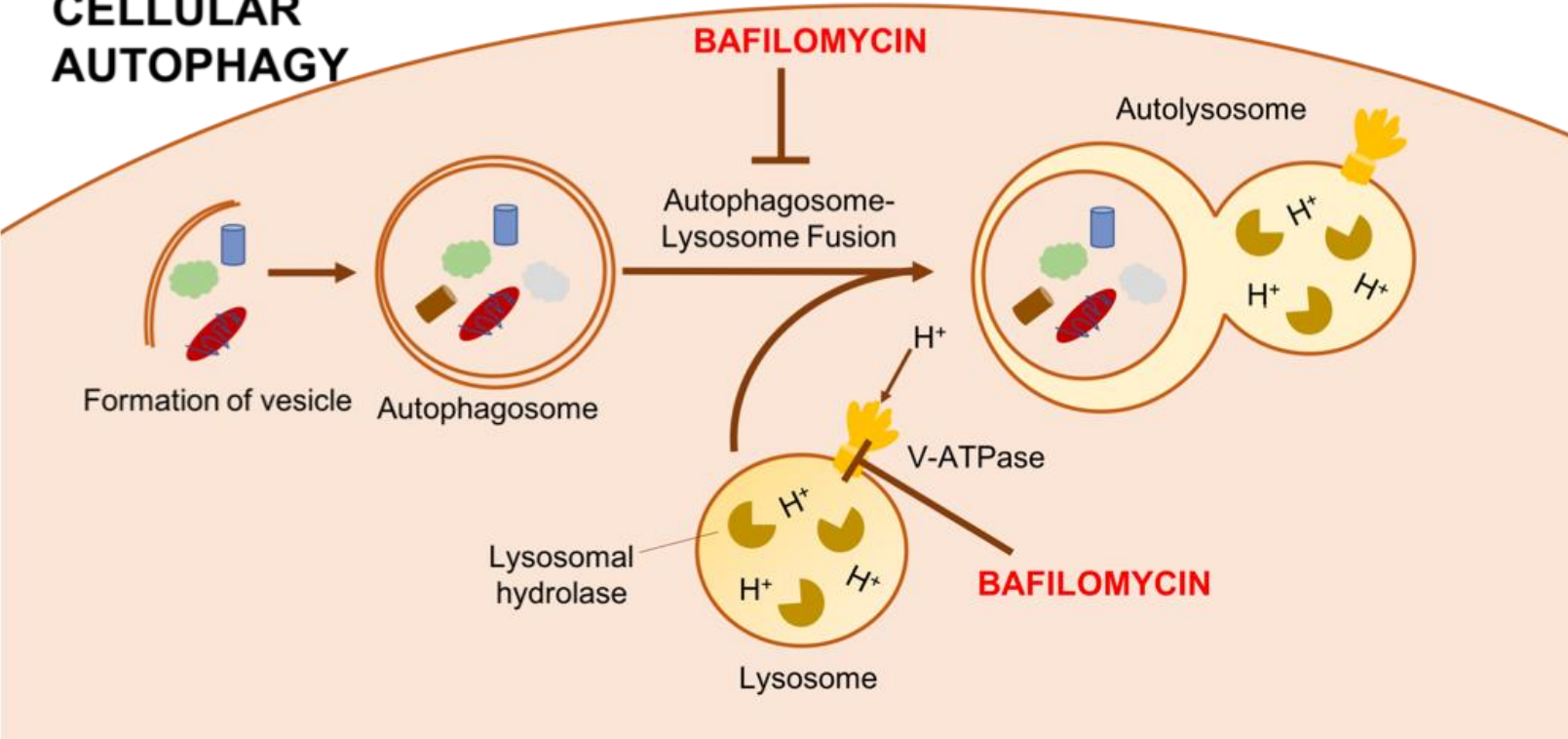
Lane 1: Atg5^{-/-} MEF
Lane 2: Wild-type MEF



LC3 fluorescent reporter



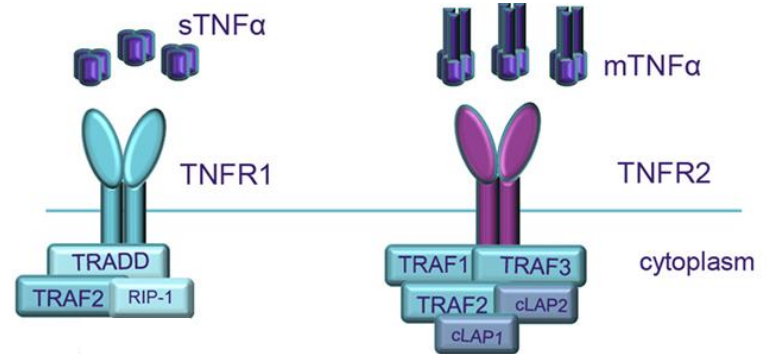
CELLULAR AUTOPHAGY



TNF signaling pathway

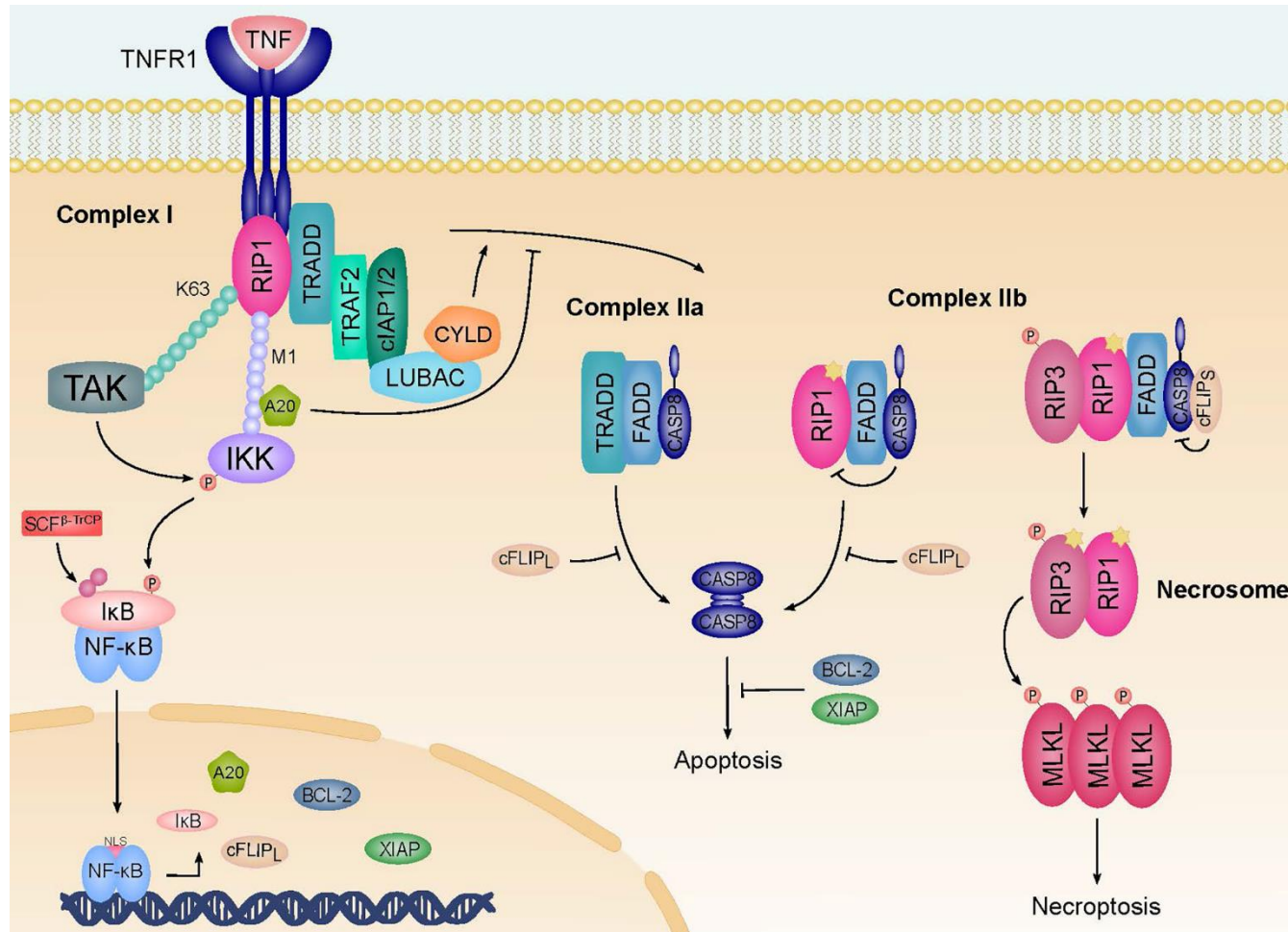
TNF (Tumor necrosis factor) signaling

- Induction of inflammation
- Cell death
- Cell proliferation and differentiation

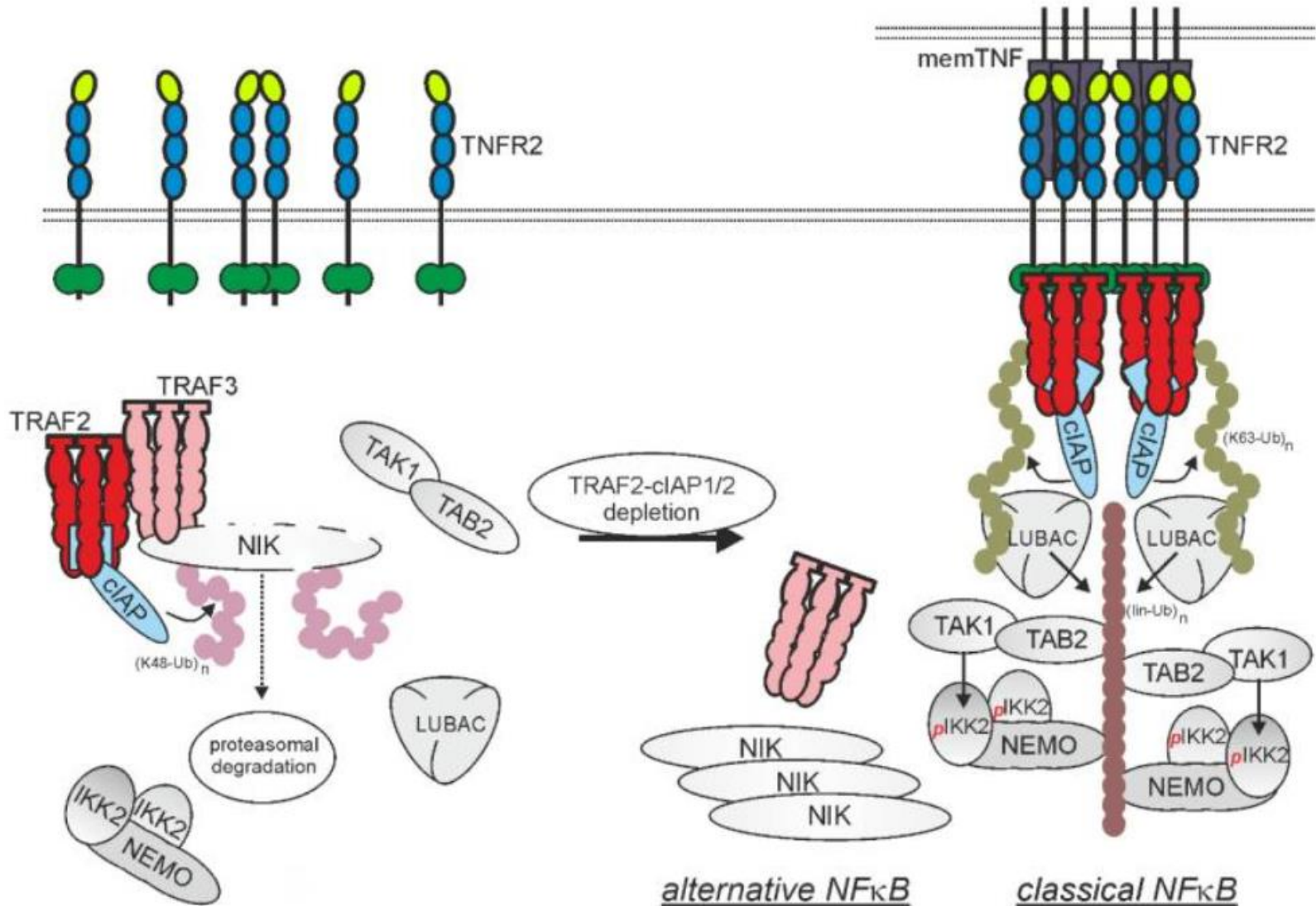


- ❖ sTNF → TNFR1
- ❖ mTNF → TNFR1 and TNFR2

TNFR1 signaling

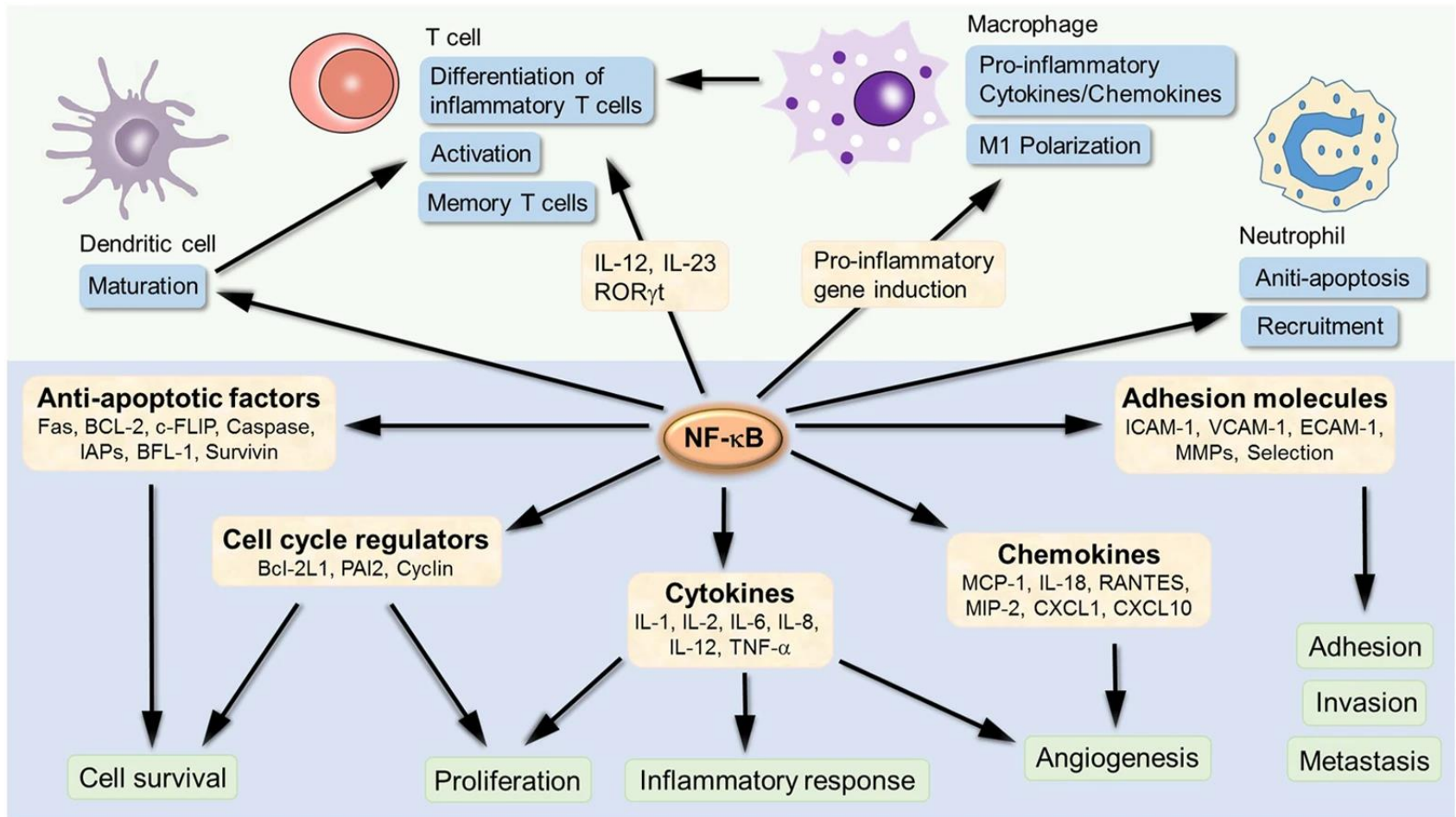


TNFR2 signaling

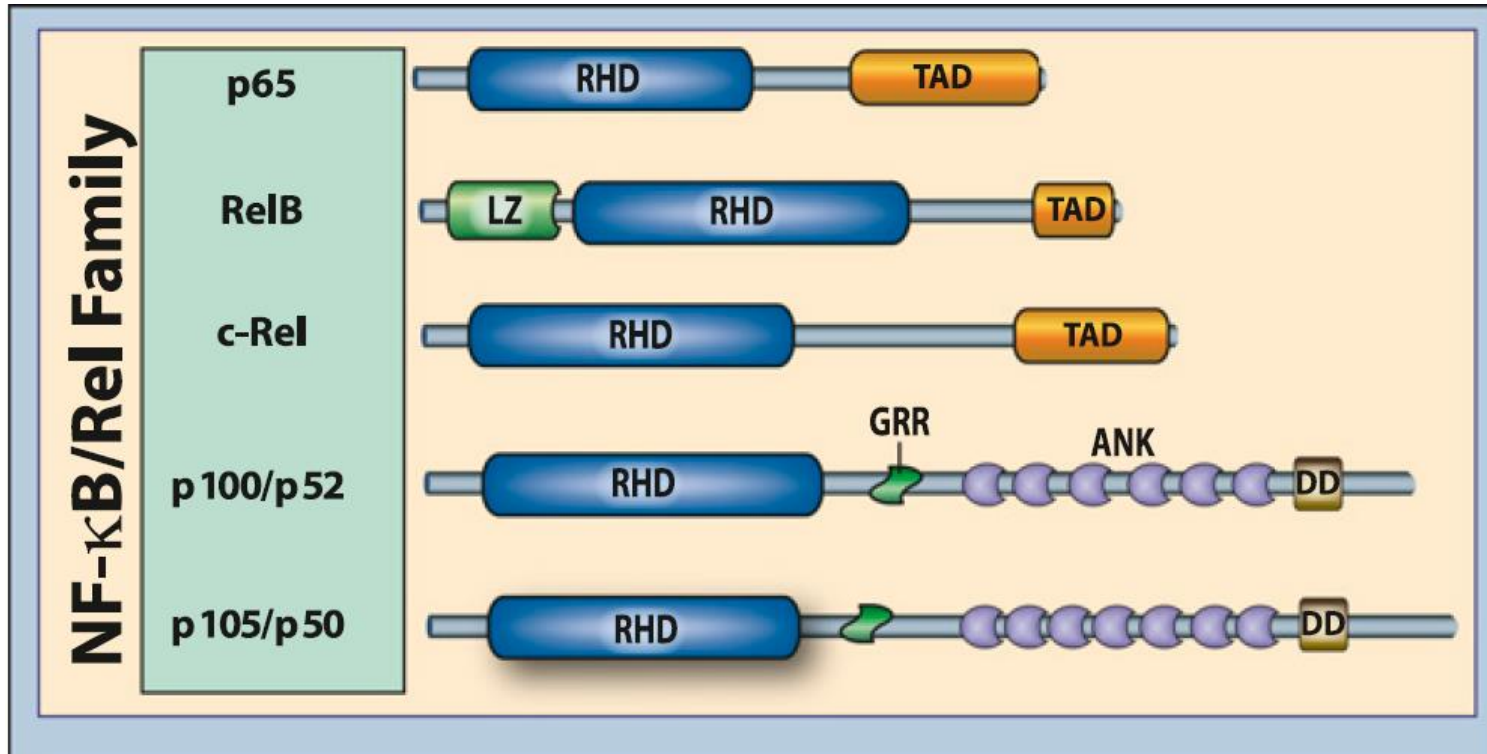


NF- κ B pathway

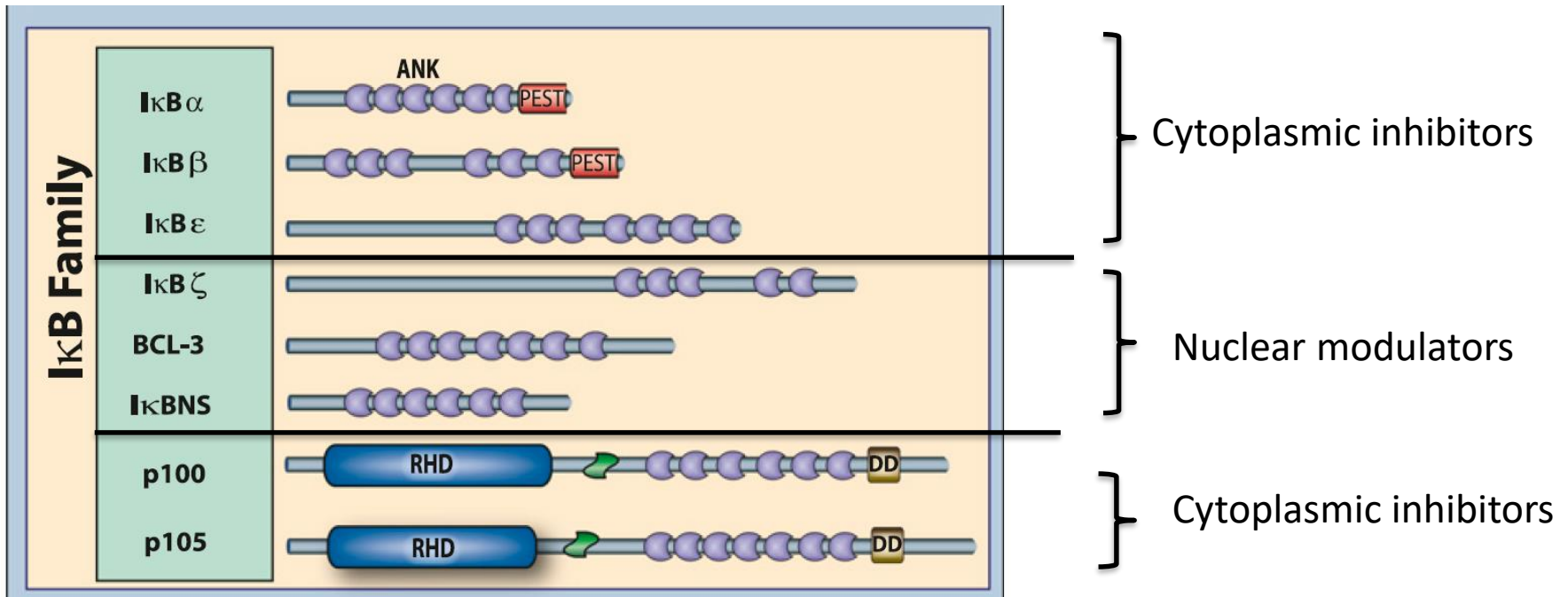
NF- κ B and immunity



NF- κ B family members

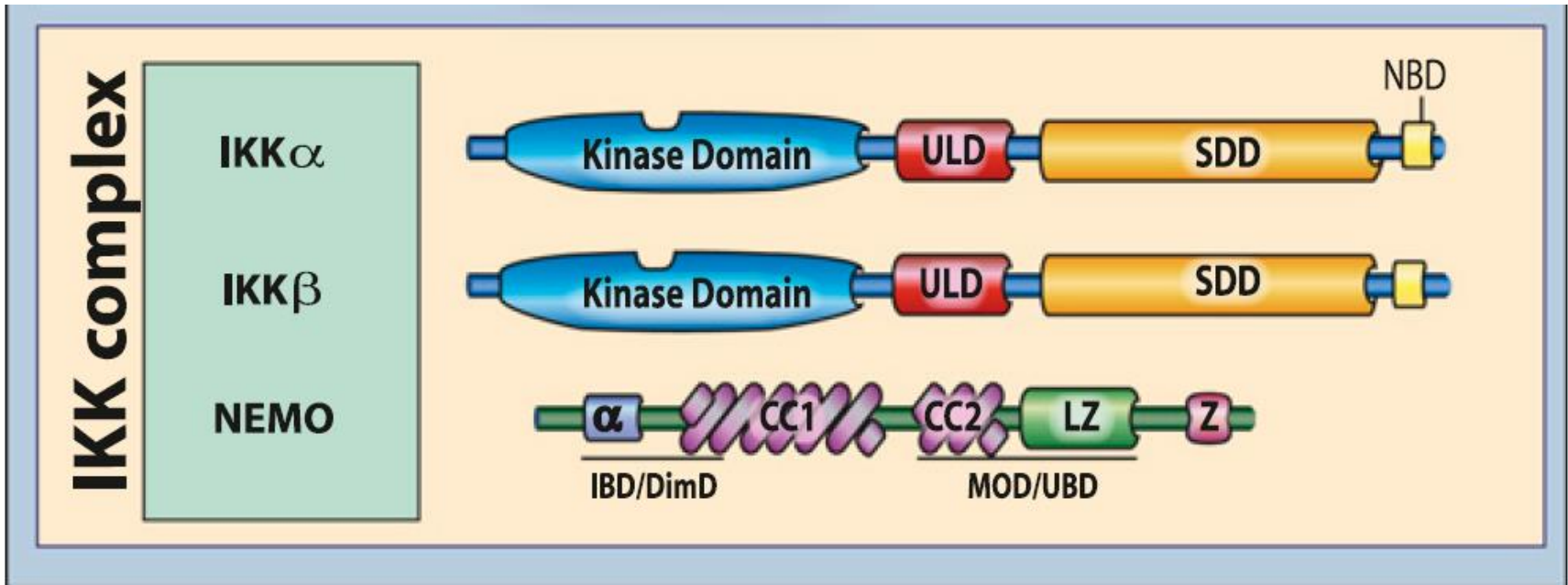


NF- κ B family members

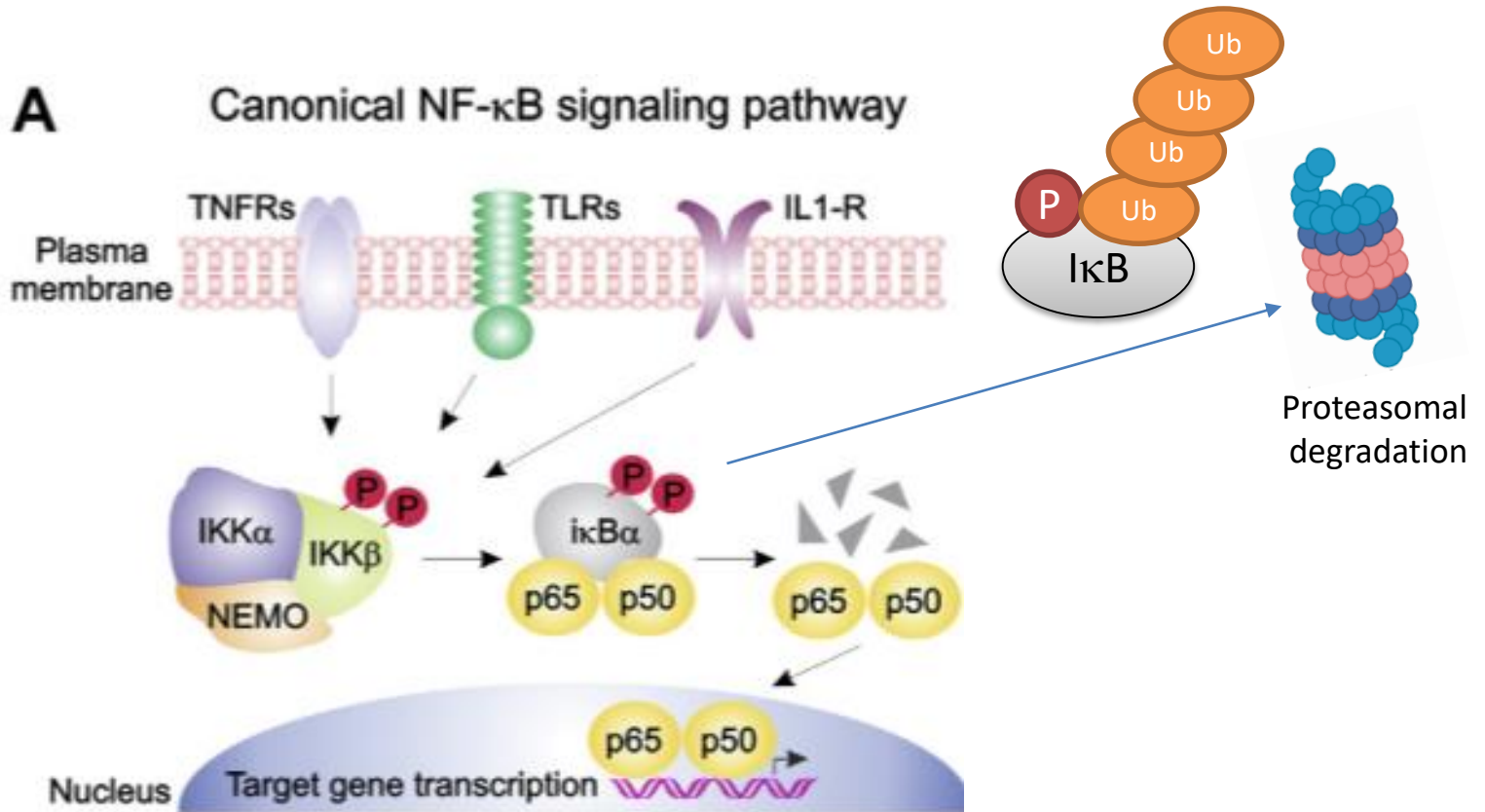


NF- κ B family members

Activatory kinase complex

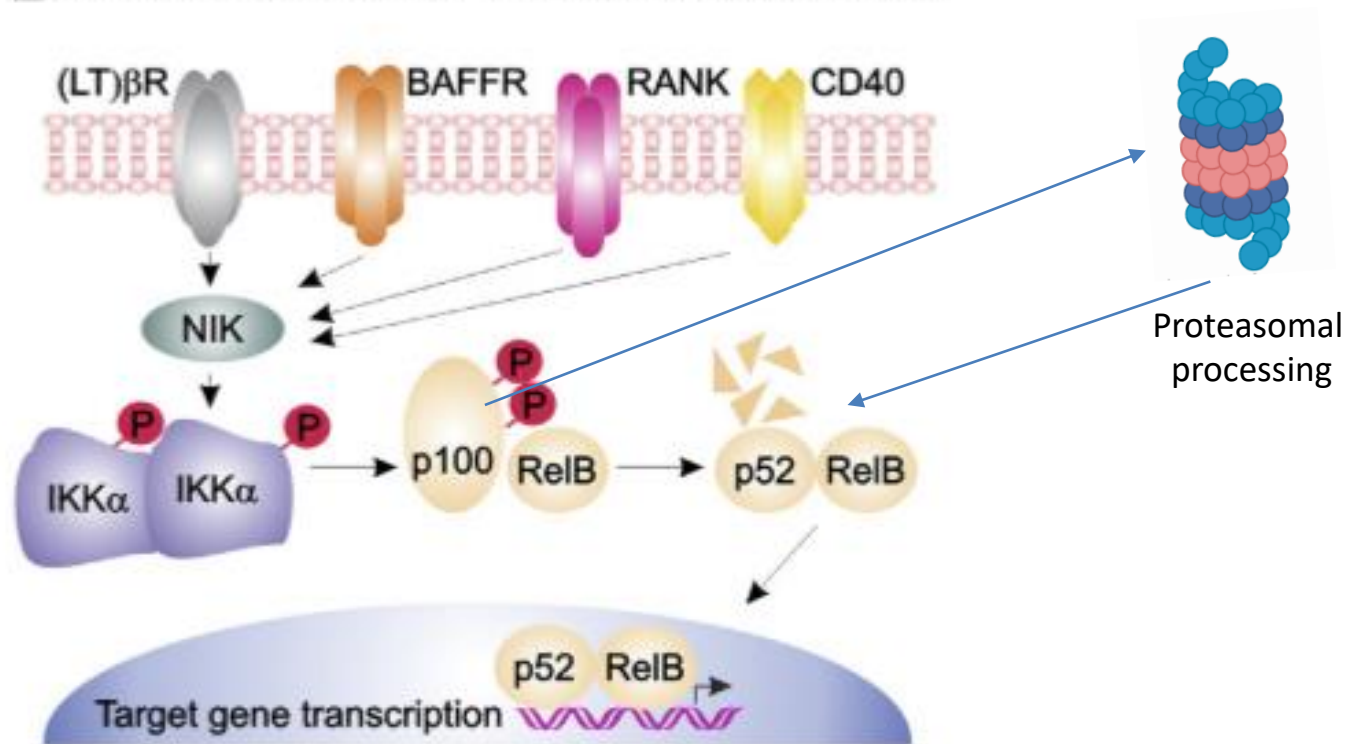


NF- κ B canonical pathway

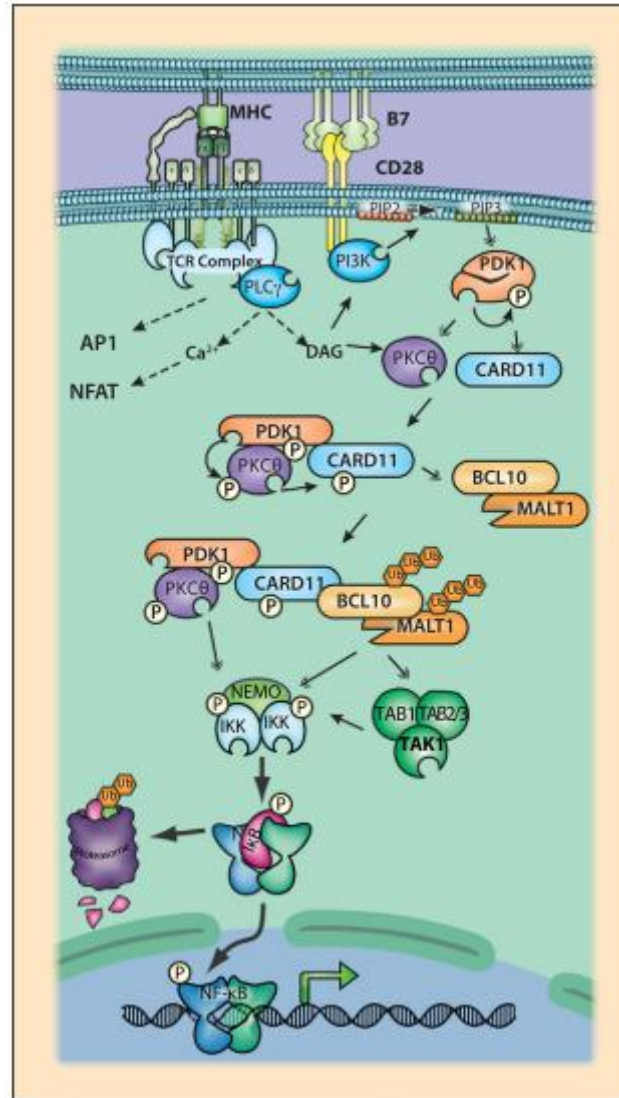


NF- κ B non-canonical pathway

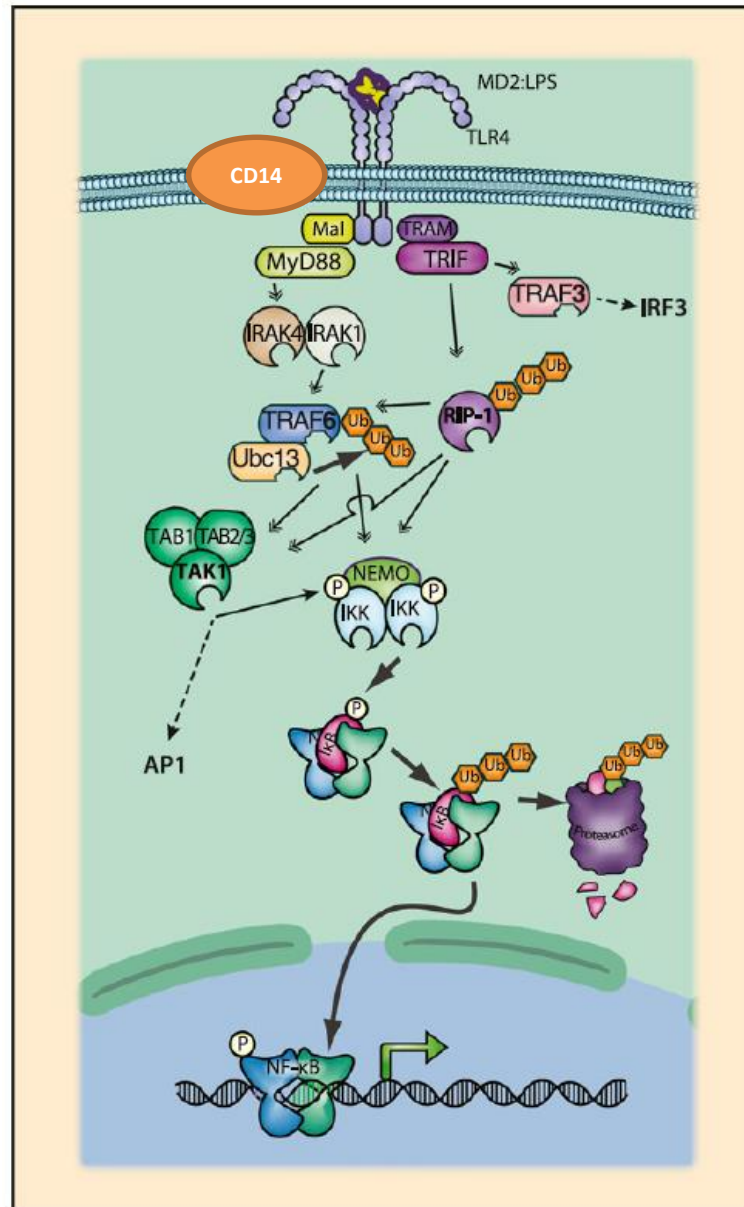
B Non-canonical NF- κ B signaling pathway



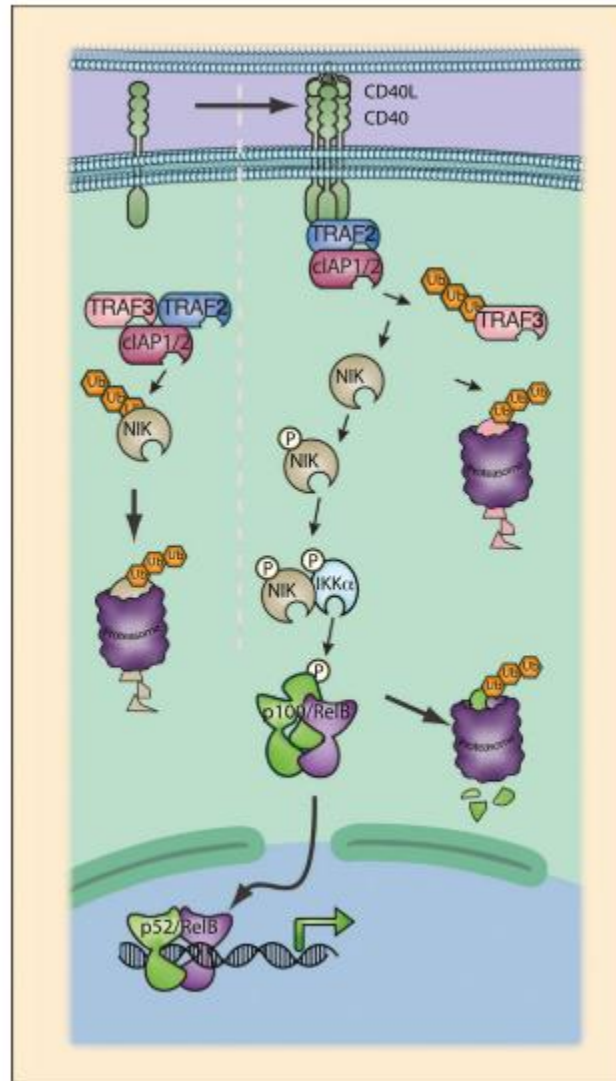
TCR and NF- κ B pathway



TLR4 and NF- κ B pathway

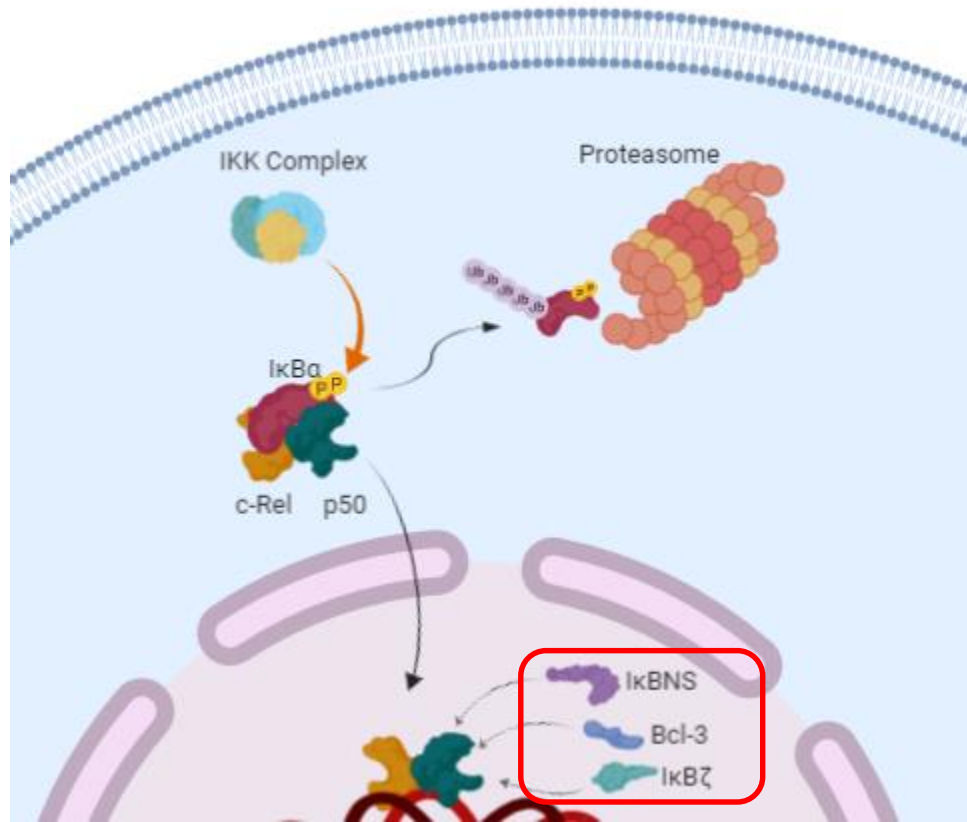


CD40 and NF- κ B pathway

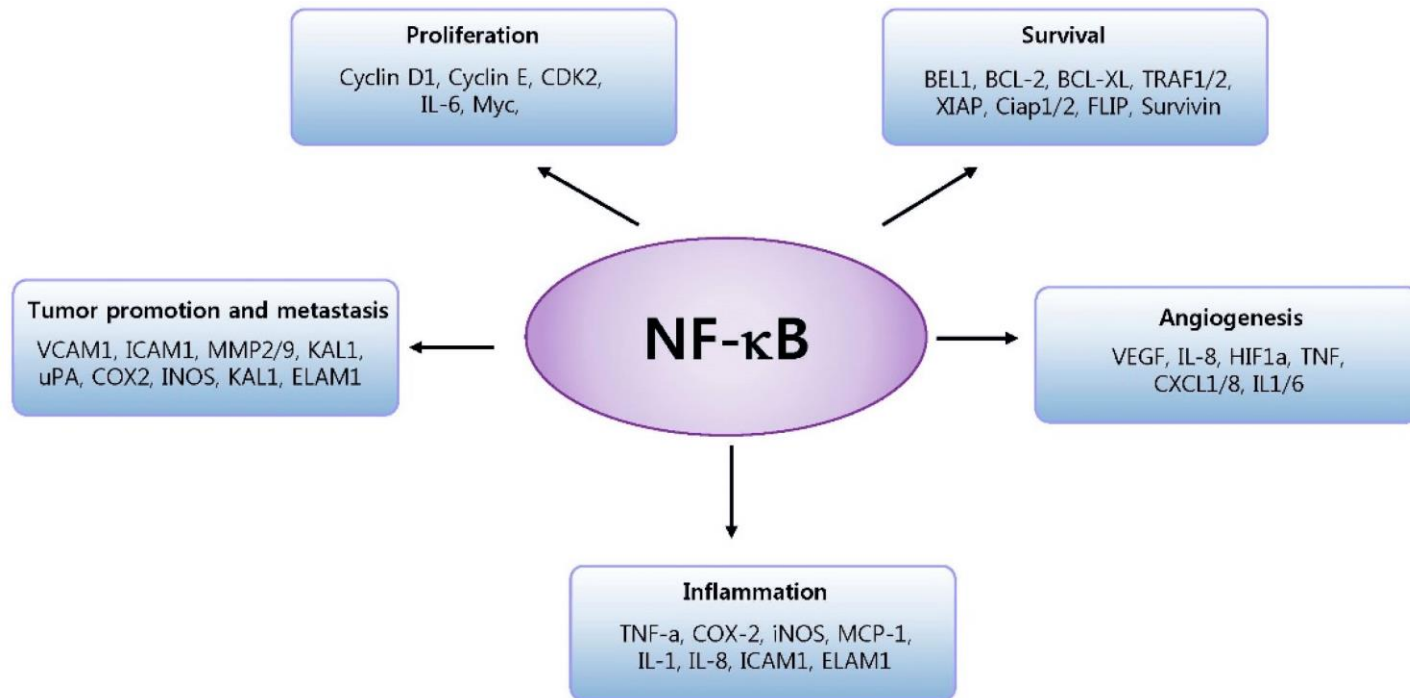


Atypical IκBs

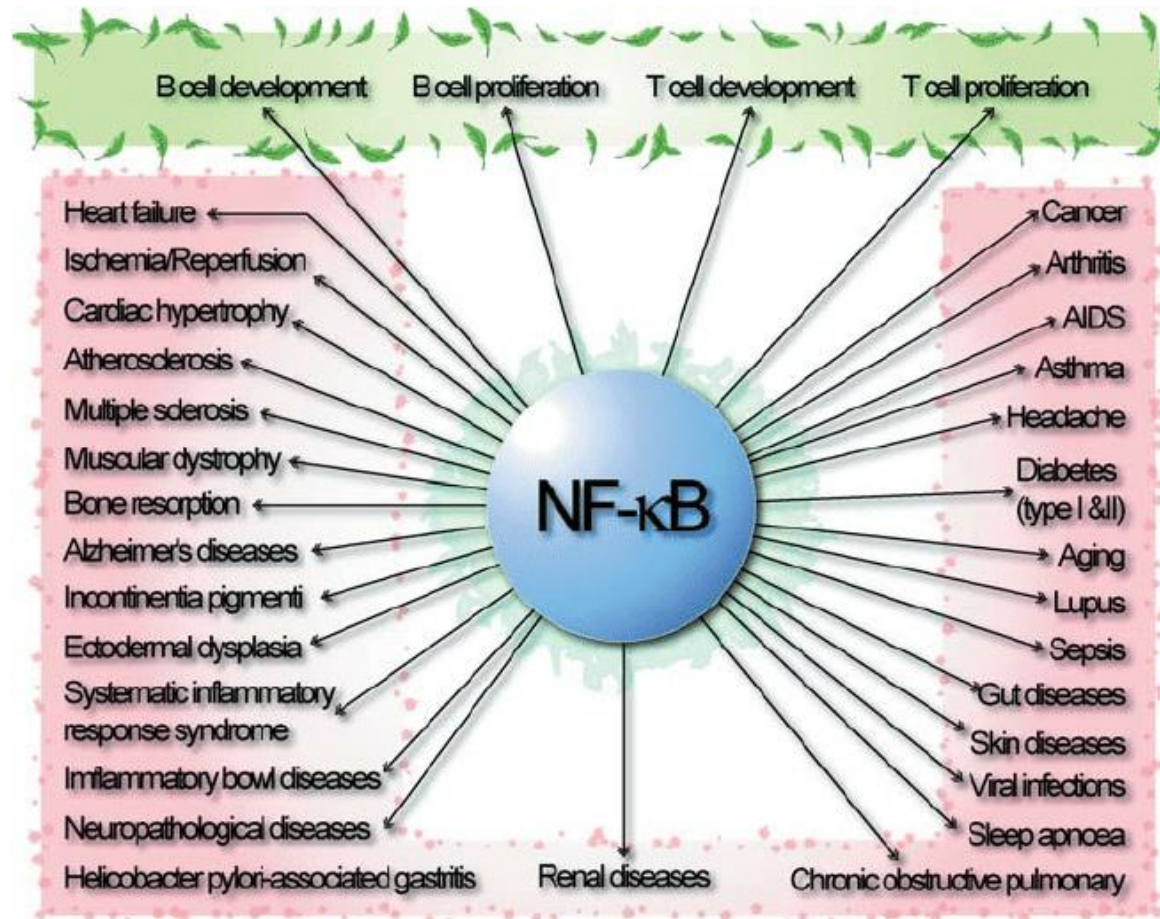
- IκBNS, Bcl-3 and IκBζ
- Nuclear localization
- Regulate positively or negatively NF-κB transcriptional activity



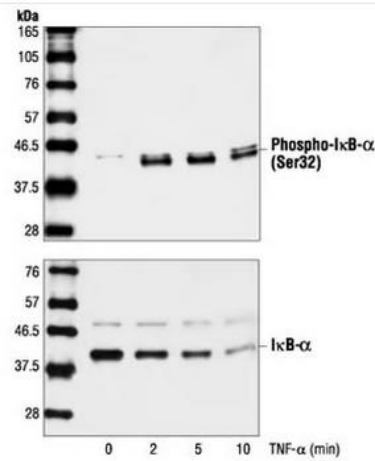
NF- κ B pathway



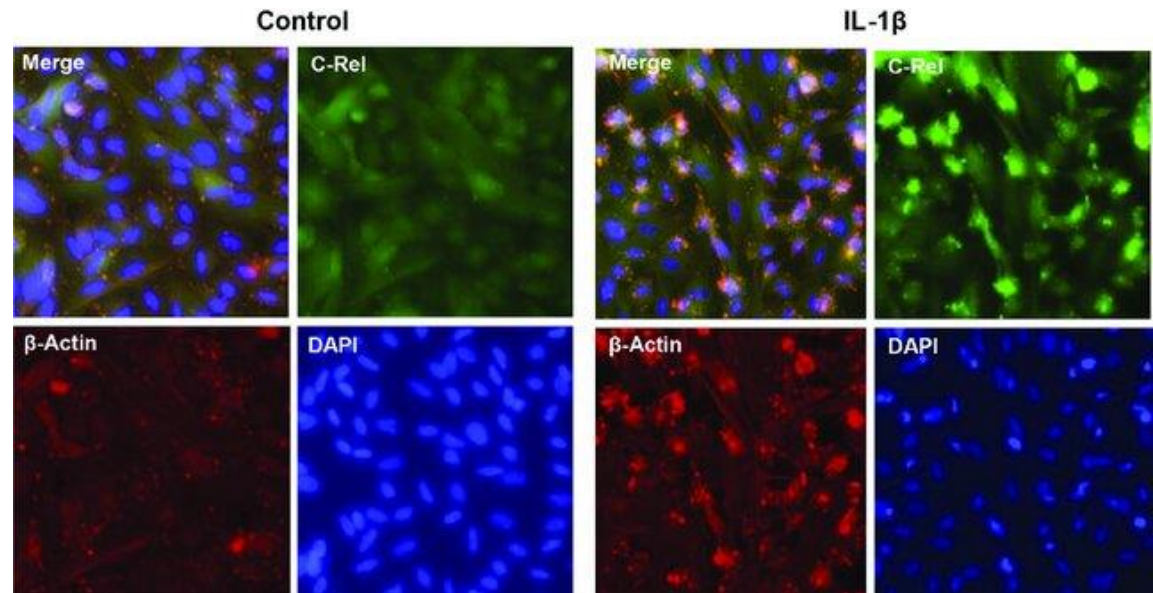
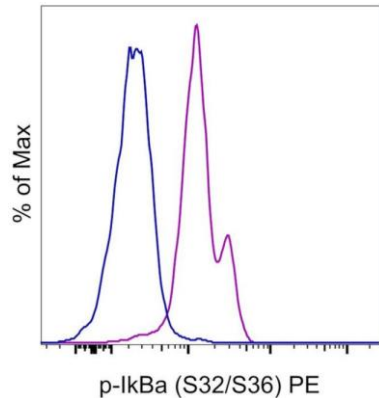
NF- κ B pathway dysregulation



NF- κ B activity measurement



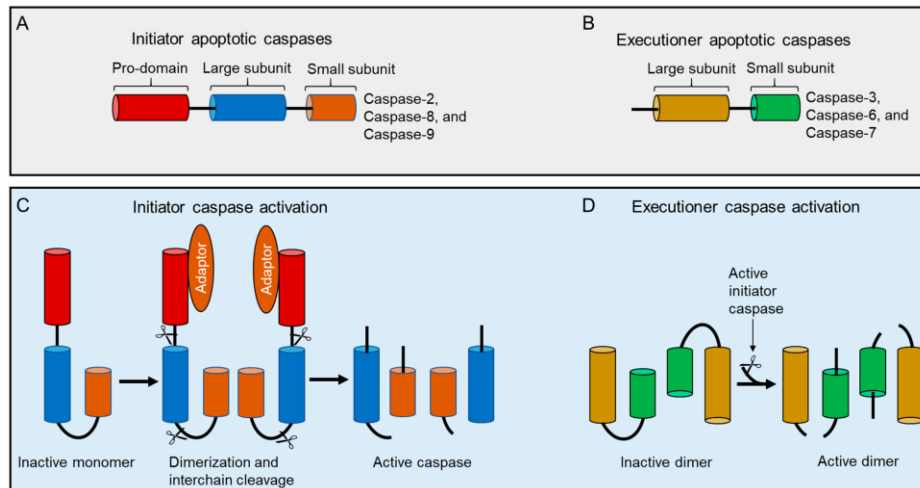
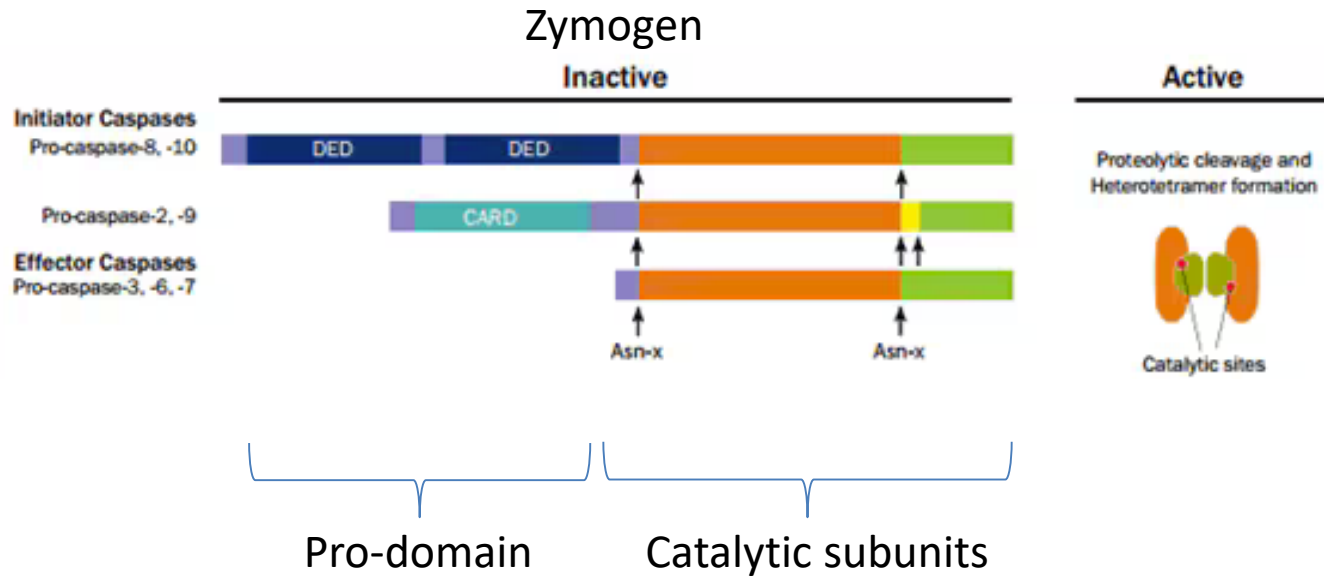
Western blot analysis of extracts from HeLa cells treated with TNF-alpha for the indicated times, using Phospho-IkappaB-alpha (Ser32) Antibody (upper) or IkappaB-alpha Antibody #9242 (lower).



Apoptosis

Caspases

Cysteine-aspartic proteases



Caspases

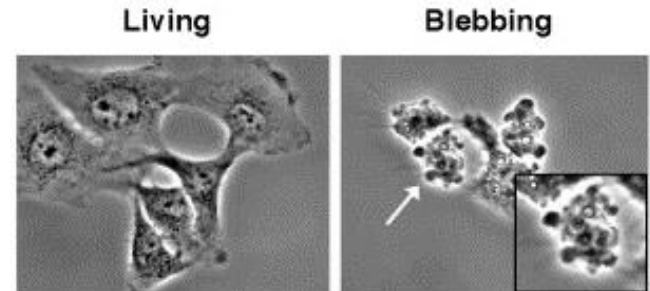
Initiators → { Caspase-8 and -10 (Extrinsic pathway)
Caspase-9 (Intrinsic pathway)

Effectors → Caspase-3, -6 and -7

T
A
R
G
E
T
S

Cytokeratins, PARP, the plasma membrane
cytoskeletal protein alpha fodrin, the nuclear
protein NuMA and others

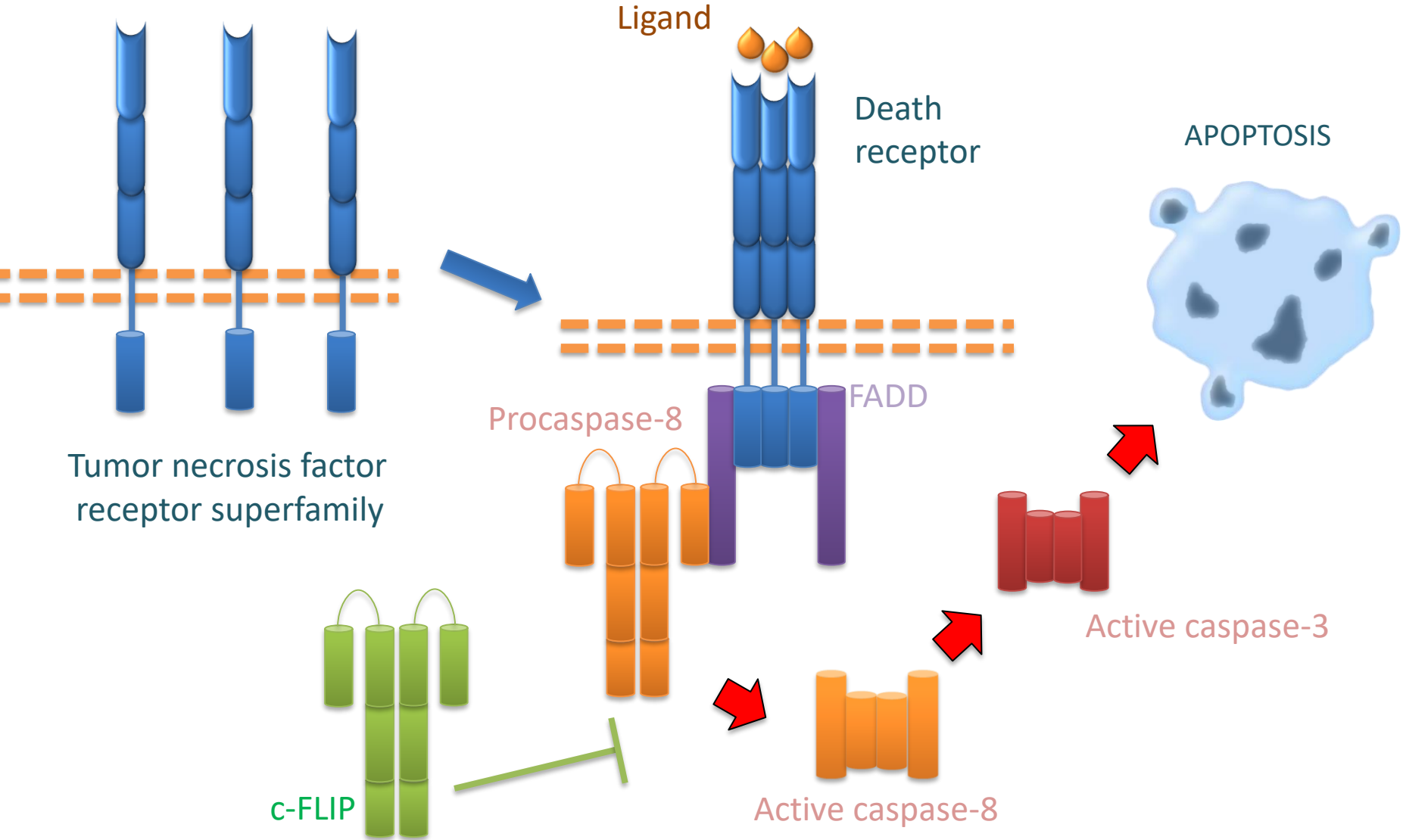
Chromatin and cytoplasmic condensation
DNA degradation and nuclear fragmentation
Formation of apoptotic bodies



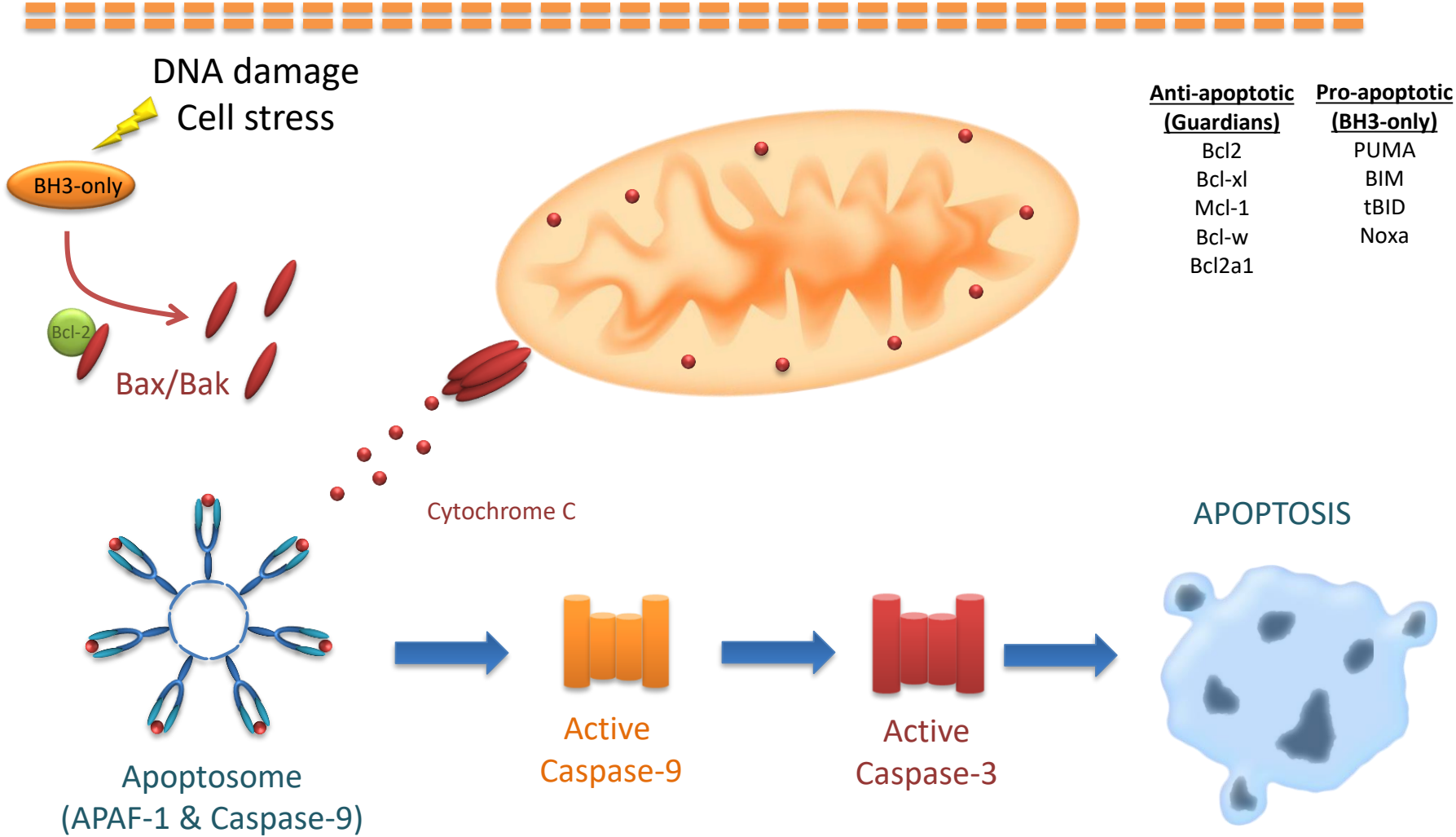
Apoptosis triggers

- ❖ Death ligands: Fas/CD95, TRAIL, TNF (Extrinsic pathway)
- ❖ Radiation, hypoxia, toxins, pro-survival factor (cytokines) deprivation (Intrinsic pathway)
 - P53 (DNA damage sensor): Fas induction, Upregulation of Noxa, PUMA, BID and APAF-1
- ❖ Cytotoxic cells (Granzyme pathway)

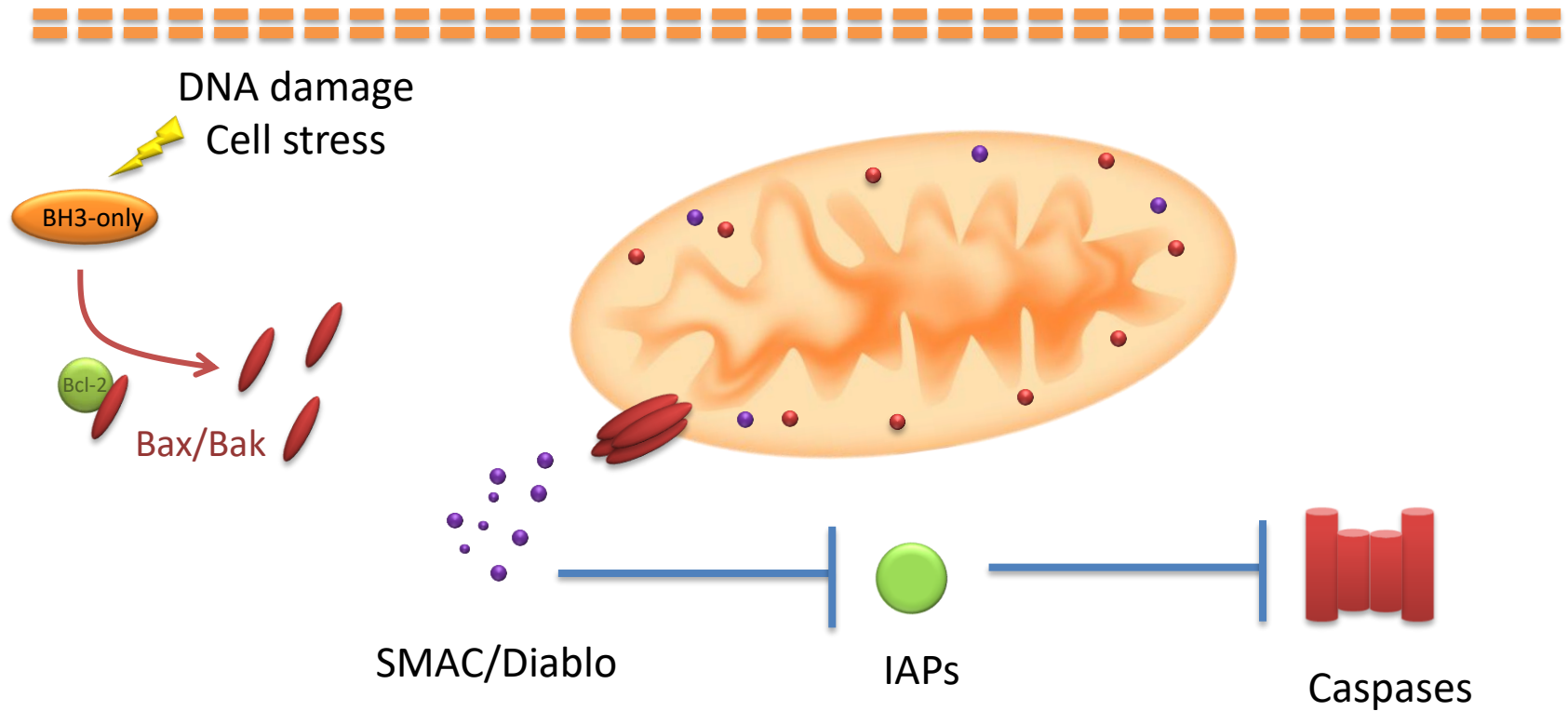
Extrinsic or death-receptor-mediated pathway



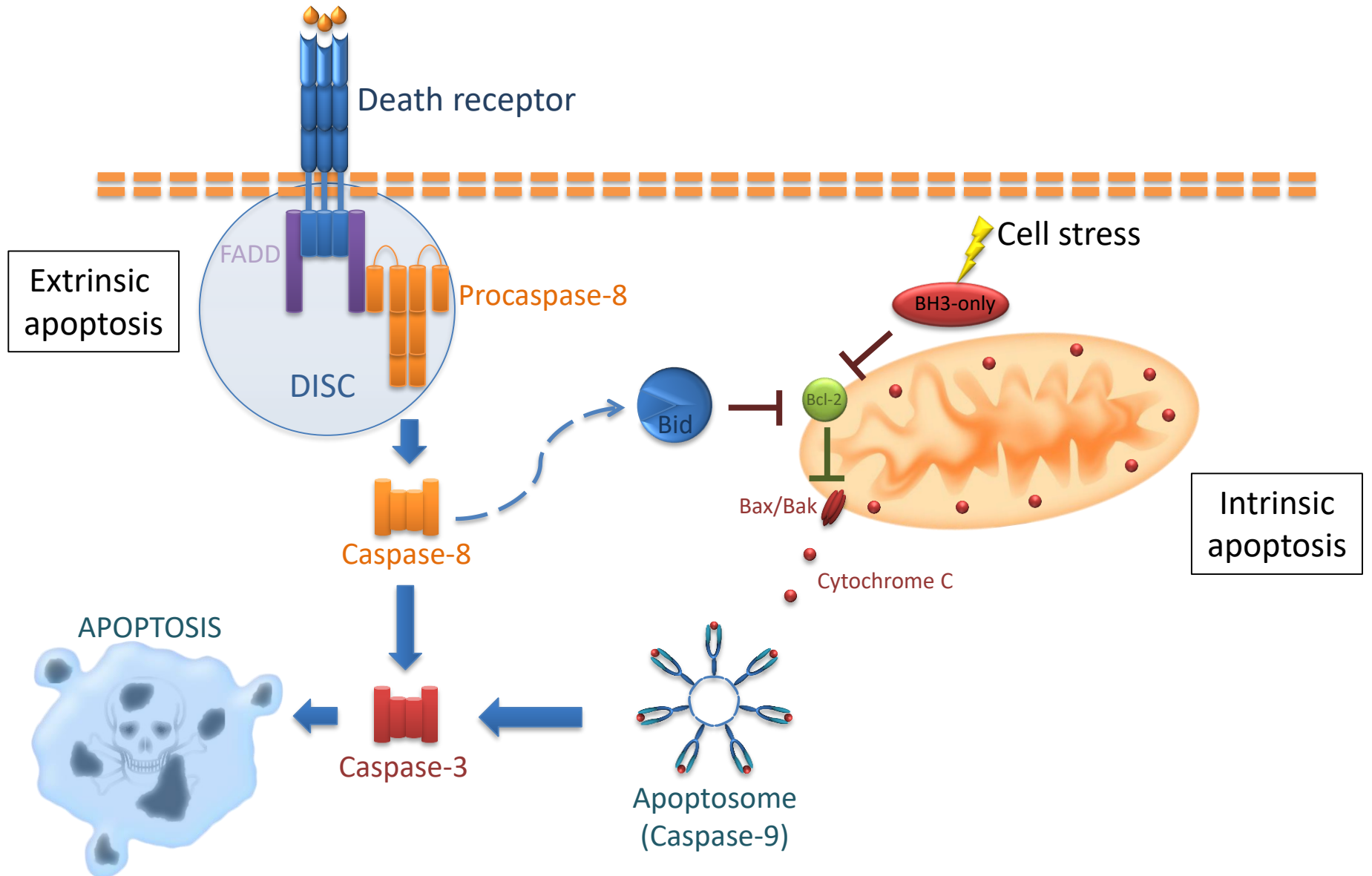
Intrinsic or mitochondrial pathway



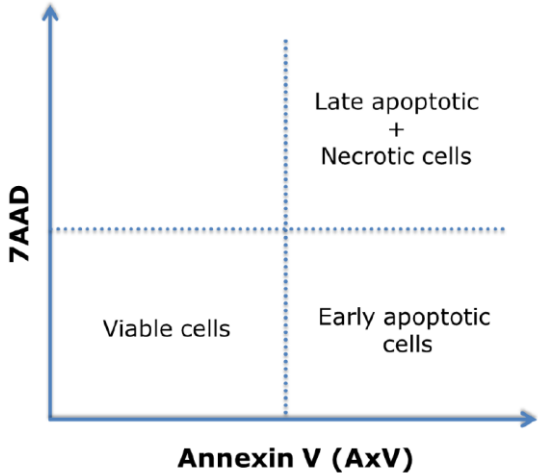
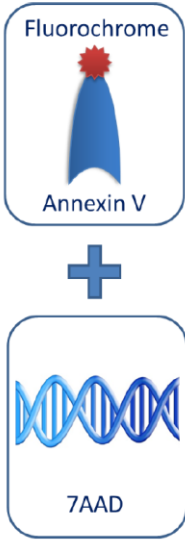
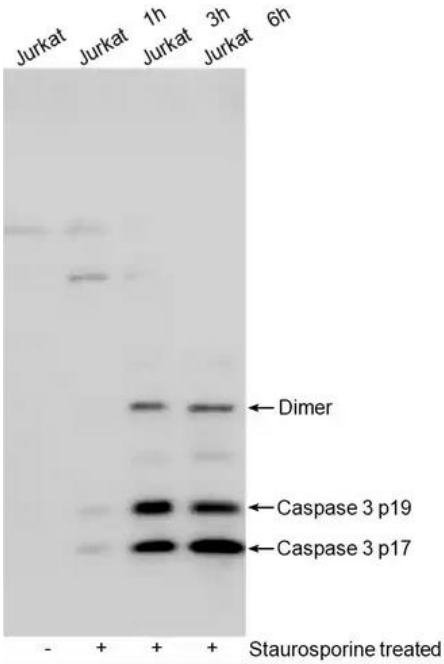
Intrinsic or mitochondrial pathway



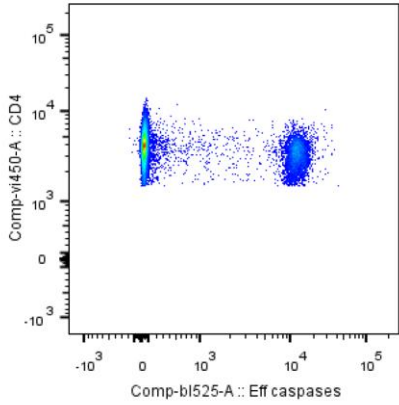
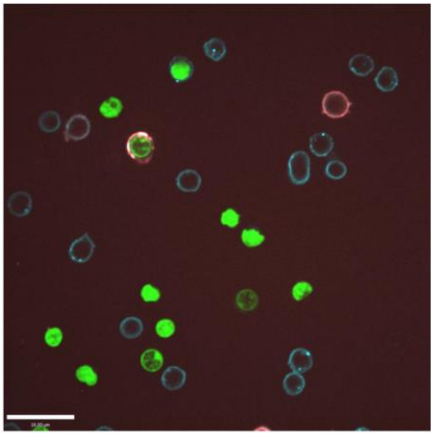
Cross-talk



Apoptosis measurement



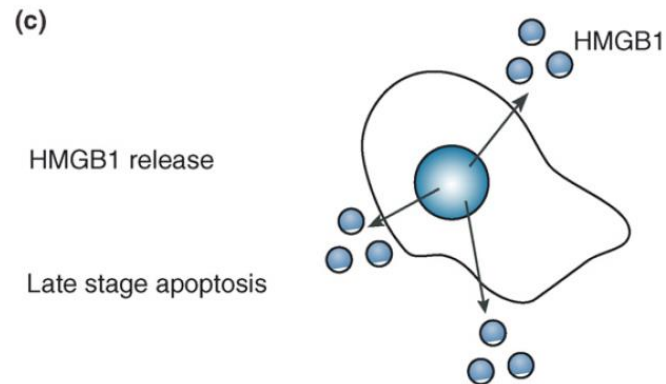
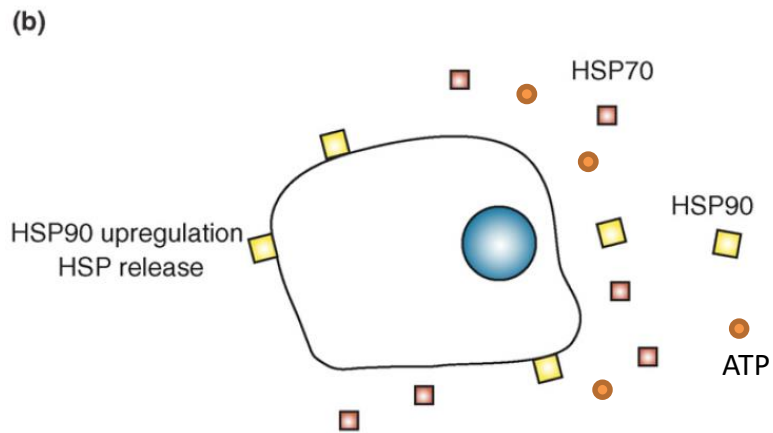
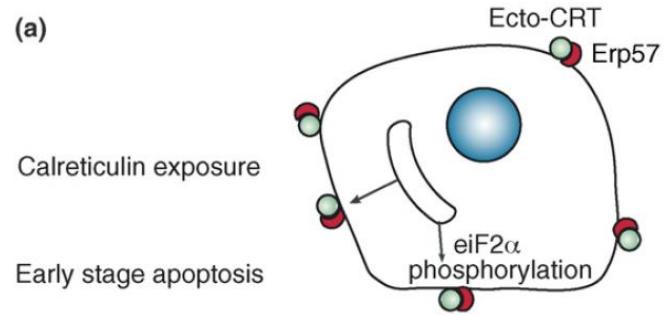
Fluorescent caspase substrate

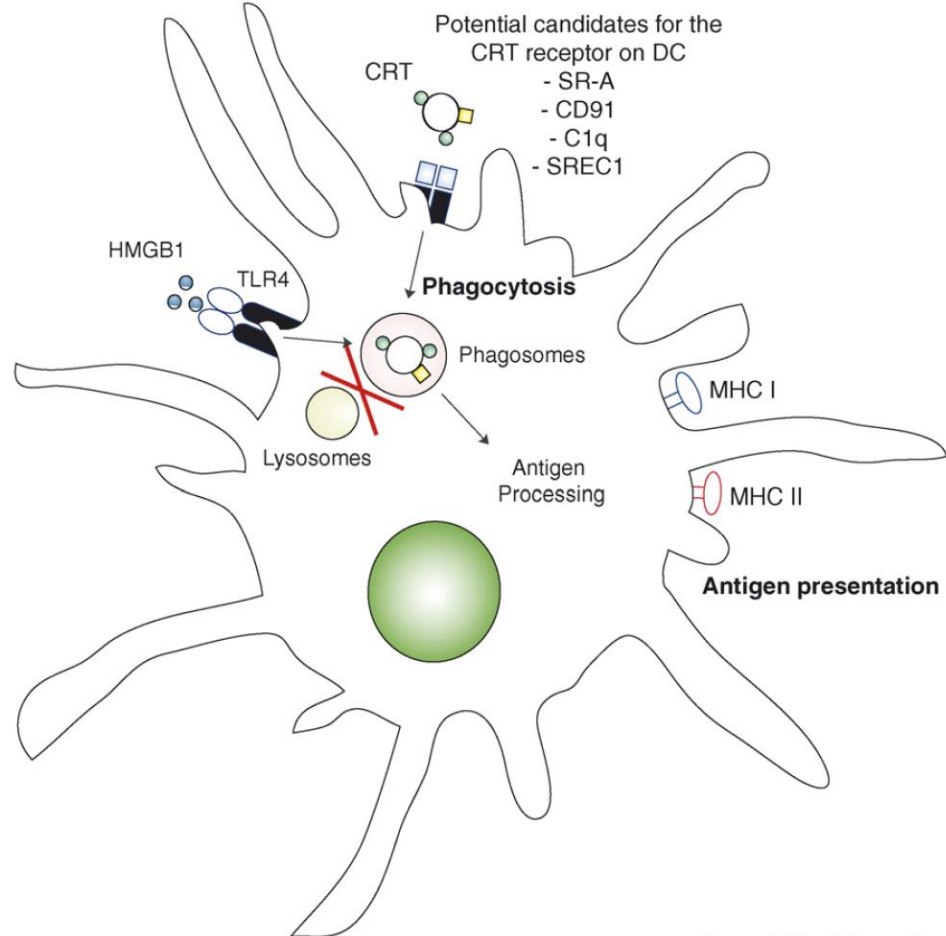


Immunogenic cell death (ICD)

ICD Triggers:

- Anthracyclines (cytostatics)
- Oxaliplatin
- γ -irradiation

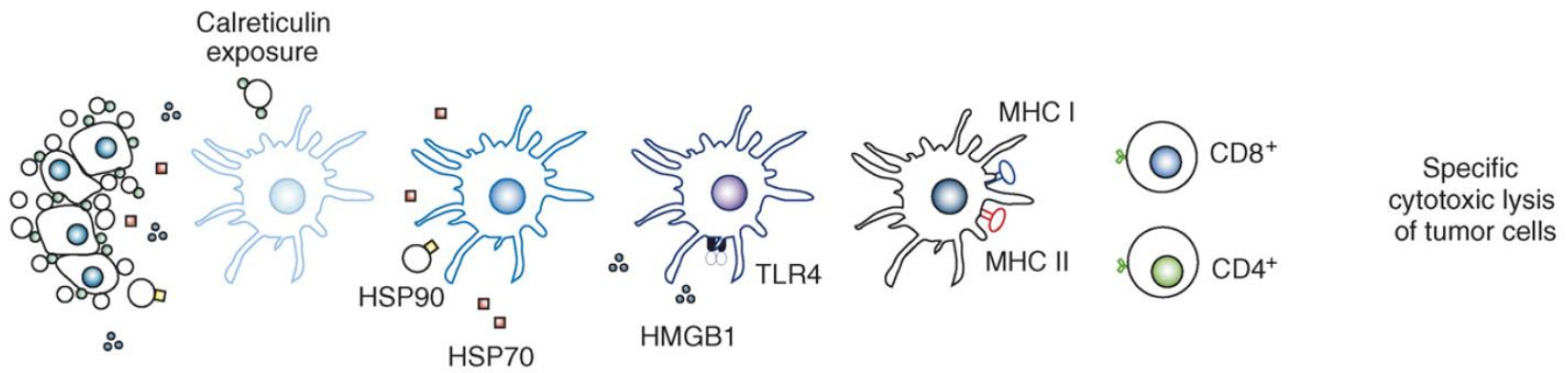




Dying tumor cells

Dendritic cells

T cells



Immunogenic cell death

Uptake of dying cells

Dendritic cell activation

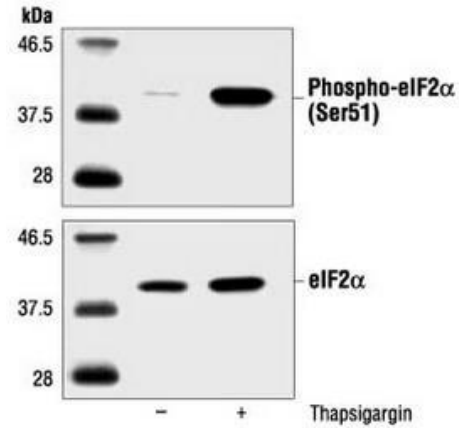
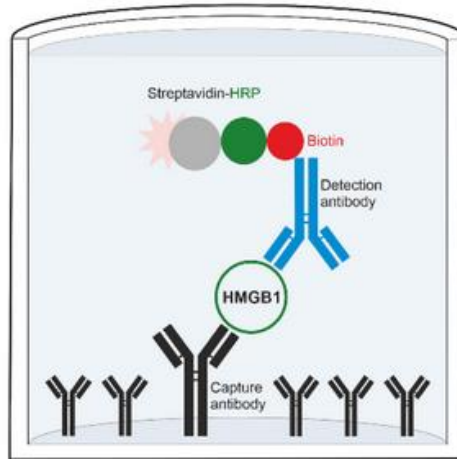
Processing and presentation of tumor antigens

Dendritic cell maturation

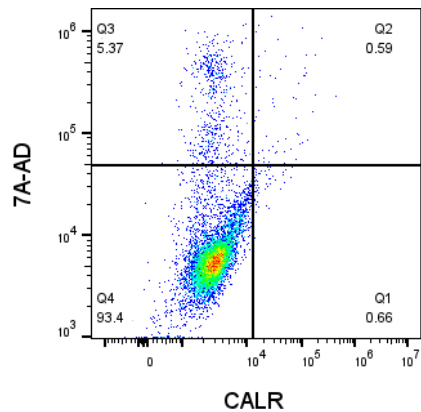
T cell activation

Anti-tumor immune response

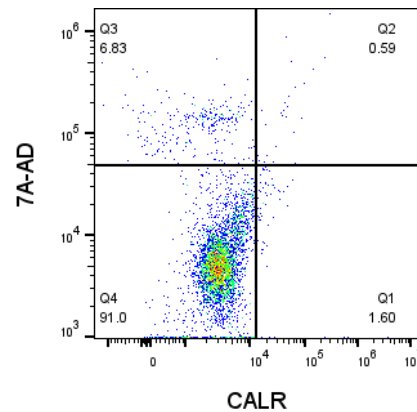
ICD detection



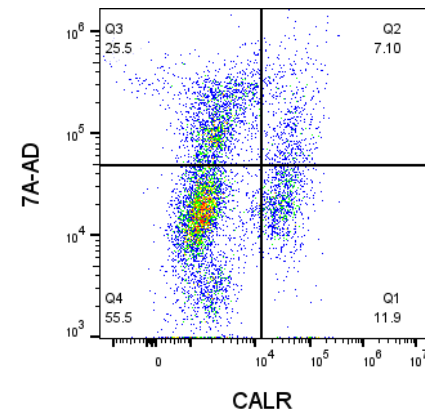
Untreated



Oxaliplatin (20 μ M)

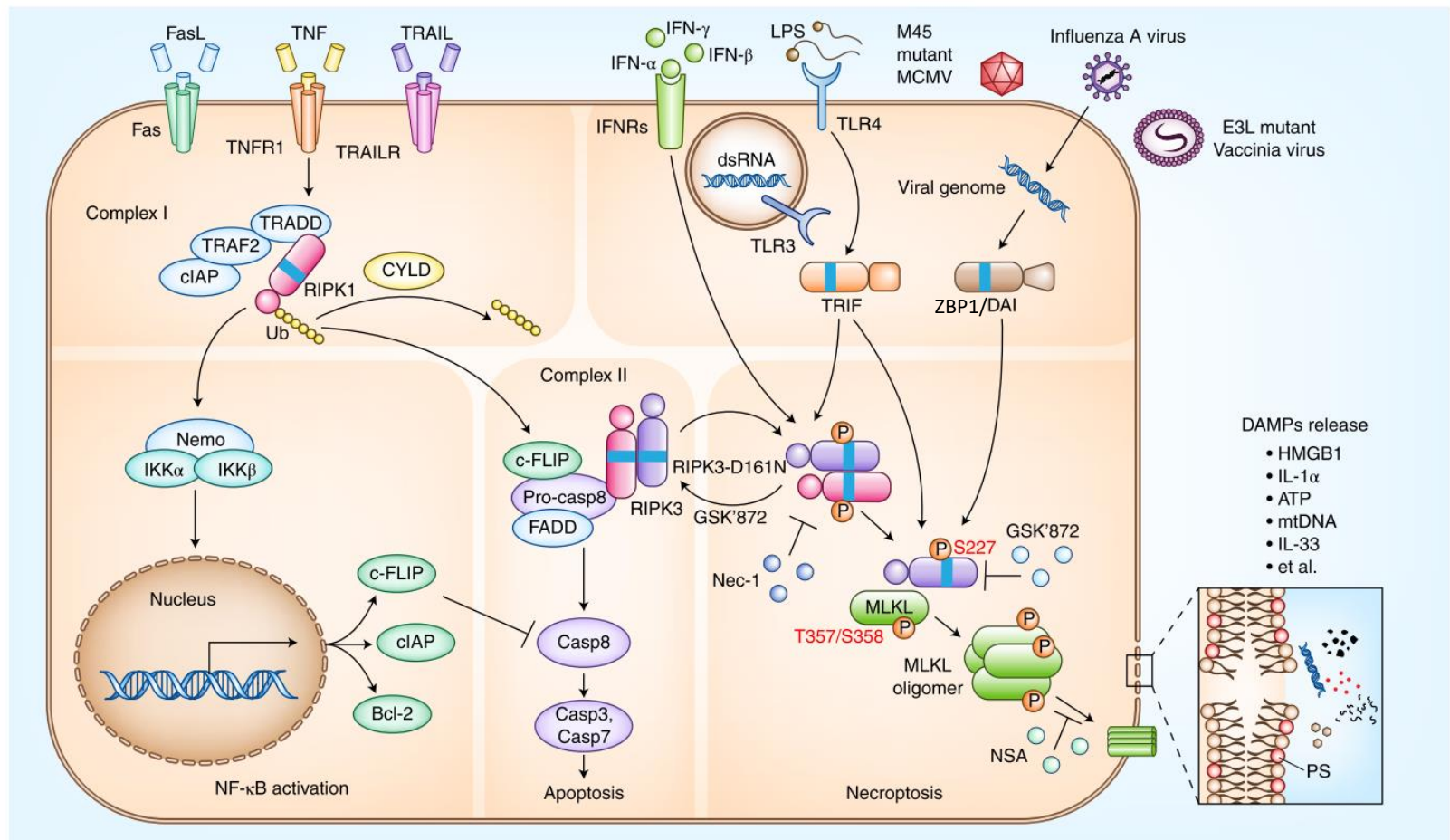


Oxaliplatin (300 μ M)



Necroptosis

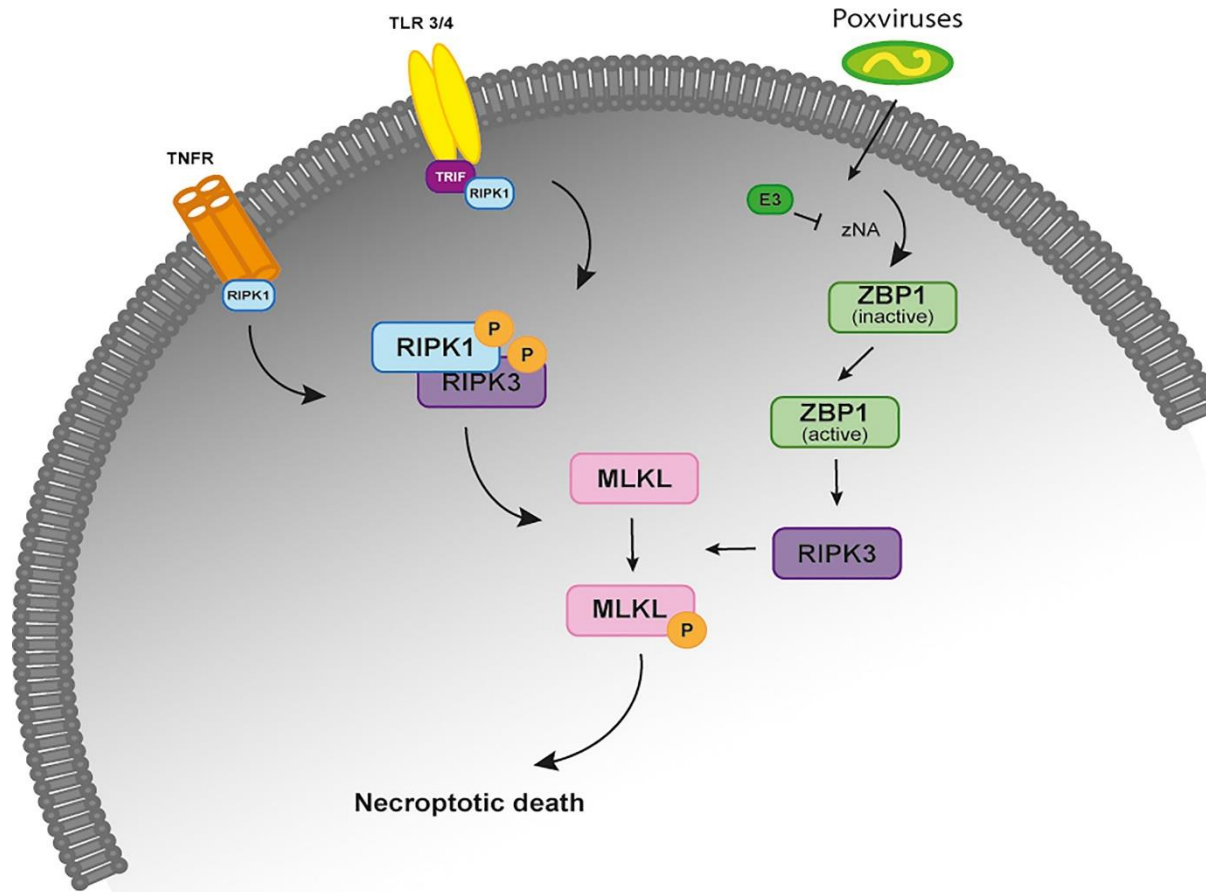
Necroptosis



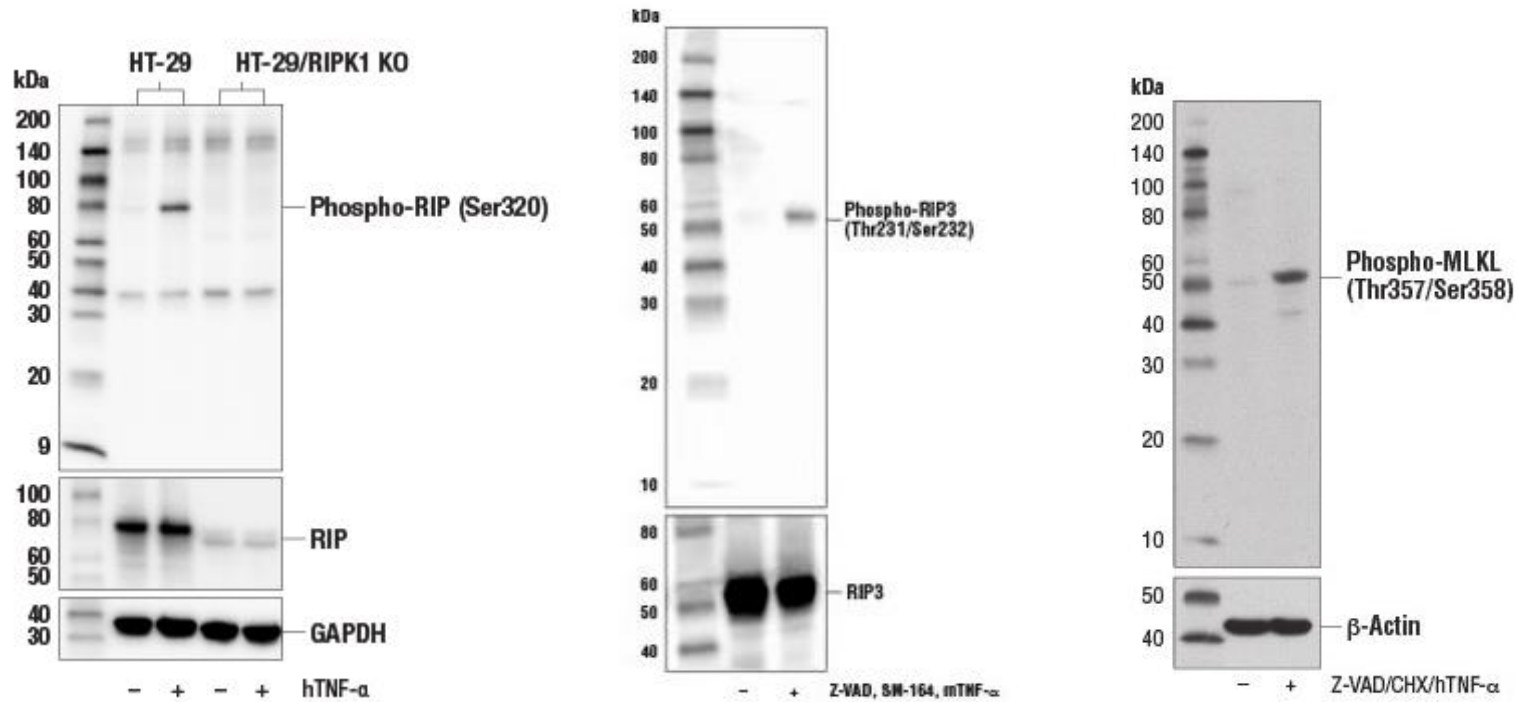
He & Wang 2018

TNF: tumor necrosis factor
TRADD: TNFR1-associated death domain protein
TRAF2: TNF receptor-associated factor 2
cIAP: cellular inhibitors of apoptosis
RIPK1/3: receptor-interacting protein kinase 1/3
NEMO: NFκB essential modulator
FADD: Fas-associated protein with death domain
MLKL: mixed lineage kinase like

Necroptosis



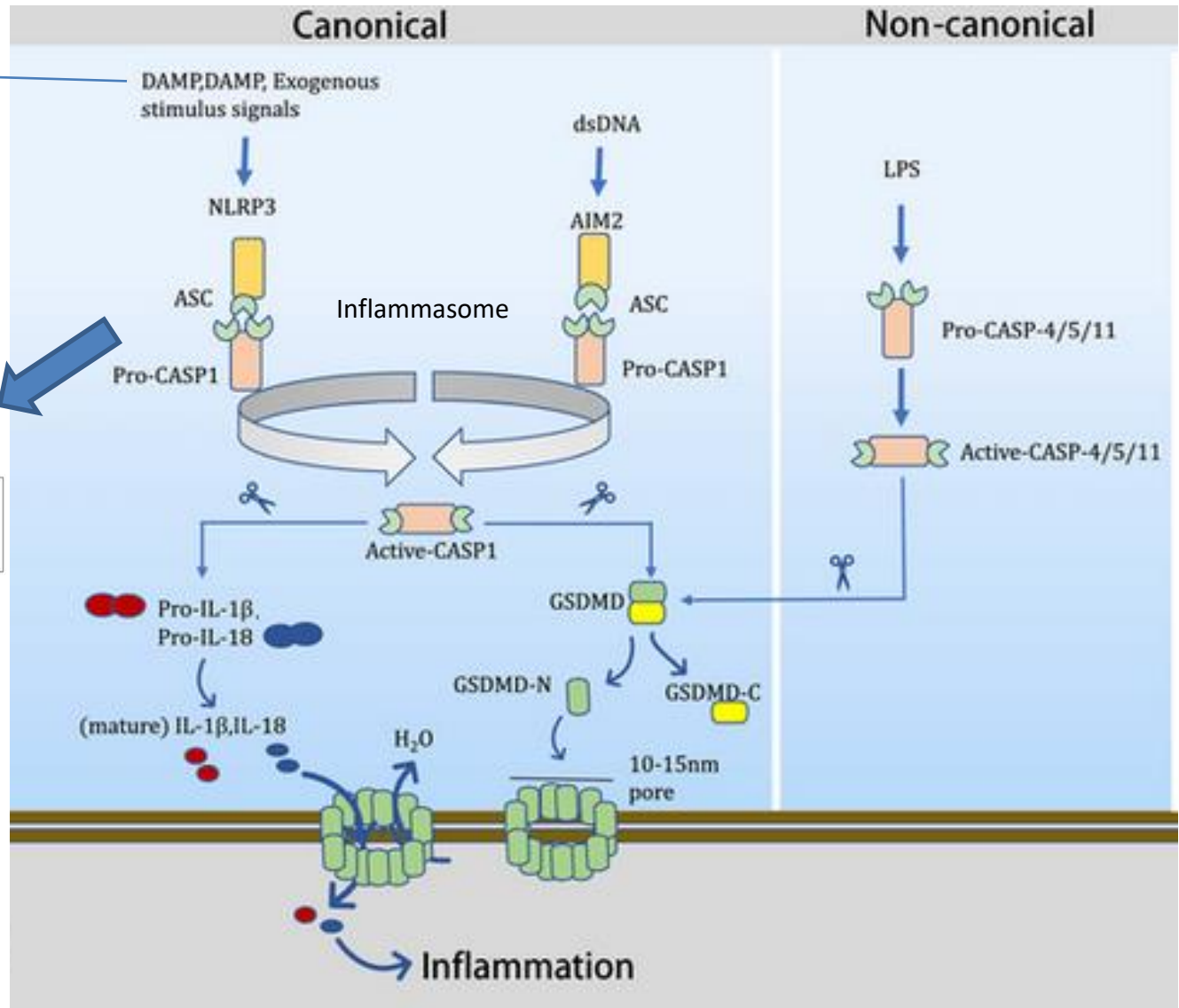
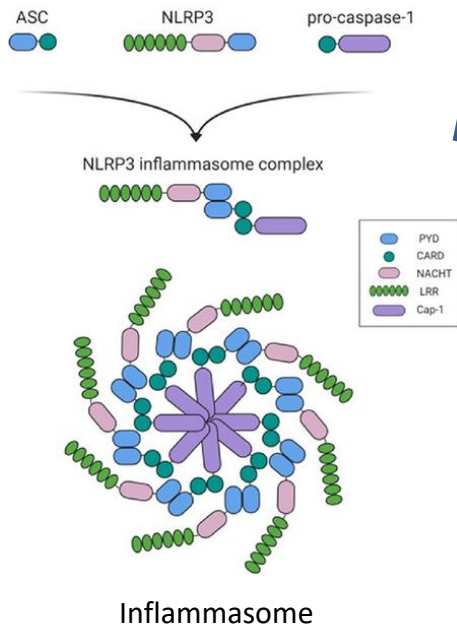
Necroptosis measurement



Pyroptosis

Pyroptosis

IL-1 β upregulation



Thank you for your attention!

Questions?

Please write to carlos.plazasirvent@rub.de